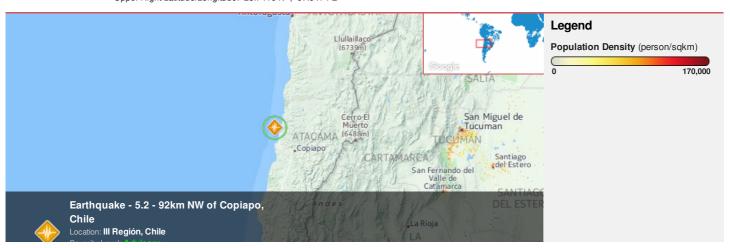


HONOLULU 22:05:26 24 Oct 2016 WASH.D.C. 04:05:26 25 Oct 2016 ARGENTINA/TUCUMAN ZULU 05:05:26 08:05:26 25 Oct 2016 25 Oct 2016 NAIROBI 11:05:26 25 Oct 2016 BANGKOK 15:05:26 25 Oct 2016

Region Selected » Lower Left Latitude/Longitude: -29.7416 N°, -73.9474 E° Upper Right Latitude/Longitude: -23.7416 N°, -67.9474 E°



Situational Awareness

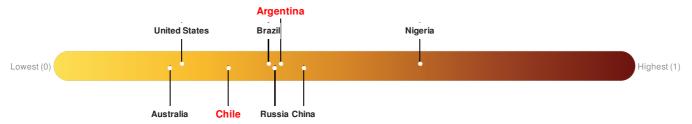
Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Current Hazards:

Recent Earthquakes							
Event	Severity	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (km)	Location	Lat/Long	
	0	25-Oct-2016 08:03:58	5.2	19.81	92km NW of Copiapo, Chile	26.74° S / 70.95° W	

Lack of Resilience Index:

Lack of Resilience represents the combination of susceptibility to impact and the relative inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from negative impacts that do occur over the short term. Argentina ranks 92 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.39. Chile ranks 127 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.39.



Argentina ranks 92 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Environmental Capacity, Governance and Marginalization.

Chile ranks 127 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Recent Disaster Impacts, Infrastructure and Marginalization.

Source: PDC

Source: PDC

Regional Overview

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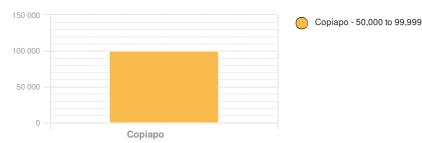
Population Data:

2011

Total: 349, 542

Max Density: 22, 482(ppl/km²)

Populated Areas:



Source: iSciences

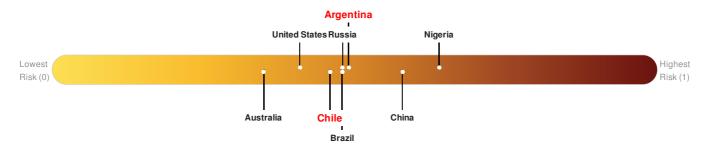
Risk & Vulnerability

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Multi Hazard Risk Index:

Argentina ranks 81 out of 165 on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.49. Argentina is estimated to have relatively high overall exposure, low vulnerability, and medium coping capacity.

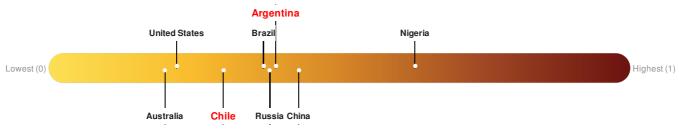
Chile ranks 103 out of 165 on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.46. Chile is estimated to have relatively high overall exposure, low vulnerability, and high coping capacity.



Source: PDC

Lack of Resilience Index:

Lack of Resilience represents the combination of susceptibility to impact and the relative inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from negative impacts that do occur over the short term. Argentina ranks 92 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.39. Chile ranks 127 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.3.



Argentina ranks 92 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Environmental Capacity, Governance and Marginalization.

Chile ranks 127 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Recent Disaster Impacts, Infrastructure and Marginalization.

Source: PDC

Historical Hazards

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Historical Hazards:



Earthquakes:

5 Largest Earthquakes (Resulting in significant damage or deaths)							
Event	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (Km)	Location	Lat/Long		
*	11-Nov-1922 00:04:00	8.50	25	CHILE: ATACAMA	28.5° S/70° W		
*	12-Apr-1819 00:03:00	8.50	-	CHILE: COPIAPO	27° S/71.5° W		
*	04-Apr-1819 00:20:00	8.00	-	CHILE: COPIAPO	27.4° S / 70.3° W		
*	03-Apr-1819 00:14:00	8.00	-	CHILE: COPIAPO	27.4° S / 70.3° W		
*	02-Aug-1946 00:19:00	7.90	50	CHILE: NORTHERN	26.5° S / 70.5° W		

Source: Earthquakes

Volcanic Eruptions:

5 Largest Volcanic Eruptions (Last updated in 2000)						
Event	Name	Date (UTC)	Volcanic Explosivity Index	Location	Lat/Long	
	LLULLAILLACO	01-May-1877 00:00:00	2.00	CHILE-N	24.71° S / 68.53° W	
	LLULLAILLACO	10-Feb-1854 00:00:00	2.00	CHILE-N	24.71° S / 68.53° W	
♦	PULAR	24-Apr-1990 00:00:00	1.00	CHILE - N.	24.18° S / 68.05° W	

Event	Name	Date (UTC)	Volcanic Explosivity Index	Location	Lat/Long
	LLULLAILLACO	01-Sep-1868 00:00:00	0.00	CHILE-N	24.71° S / 68.53° W

Source: Volcanoes

Tsunami Runups:

5 Largest Tsunami Runups						
Event	Date (UTC)	Country	Runup (m)	Deaths	Location	Lat/Long
	11-Mar-2011 00:00:00	CHILE	-	-	PUERTO VIEJO	-/-
	11-Nov-1922 06:00:00	CHILE	9	-	CHANARAL	26.38° S / 70.67° W
	11-Nov-1922 05:03:00	CHILE	7	-	CALDERA	27.07° S / 70.83° W
\$	05-Oct-1859 00:00:00	CHILE	6	-	CALDERA	27.07° S / 70.83° W
\$	04-Dec-1918 00:00:00	CHILE	5	-	CALDERA	27.07° S / 70.83° W

Source: <u>Tsunamis</u>

Disclosures

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^{*} As defined by the source (<u>Dartmouth Flood Observatory</u>, University of Colorado), Flood Magnitude = LOG(Duration x Severity x Affected Area). Severity classes are based on estimated recurrence intervals and other criteria.