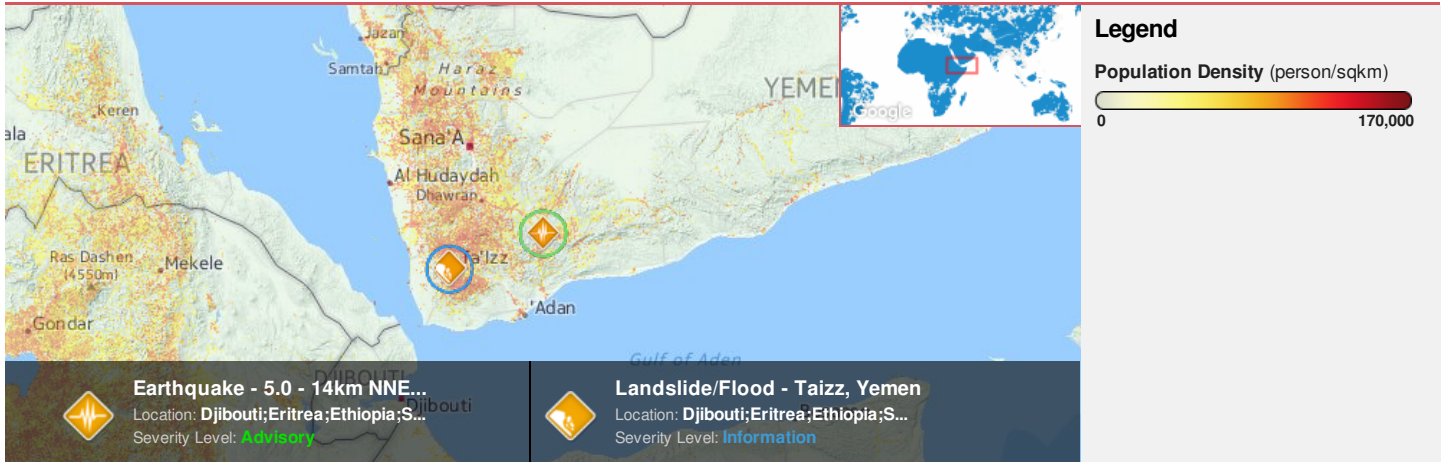




Region Selected »
Lower Left Latitude/Longitude: 11.056 N° , 42.3101 E°
Upper Right Latitude/Longitude: 17.055999999999997 N° , 48.3101 E°





Situational Awareness

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please [register here](#). Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

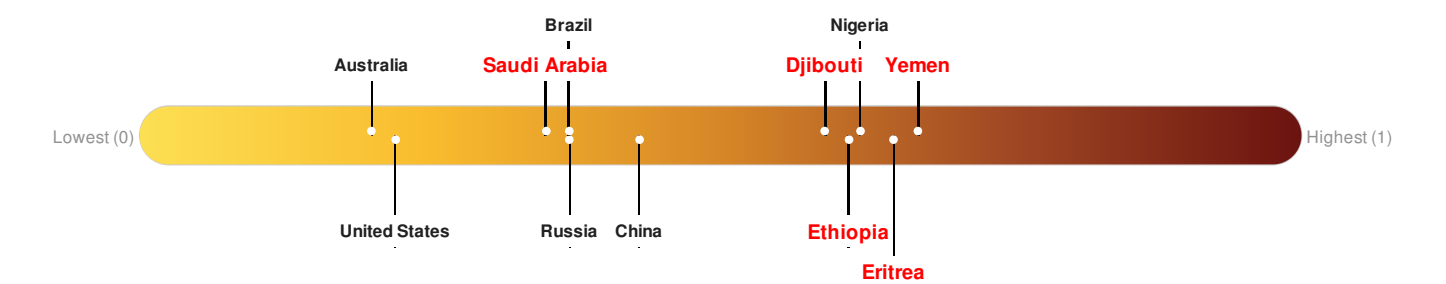
Current Hazards:

Recent Earthquakes						
Event	Severity	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (km)	Location	Lat/Long
		24-May-2016 18:04:39	5	10	14km NNE of Bani Bakr, Yemen	14.06° N / 45.31° E

Active Landslide				
Event	Severity	Date (UTC)	Name	Lat/Long
		24-May-2016 18:10:41	Landslide/Flood - Taizz, Yemen	13.53° N / 43.88° E

Lack of Resilience Index:

Lack of Resilience represents the combination of susceptibility to impact and the relative inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from negative impacts that do occur over the short term. **Djibouti** ranks **23** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.59. **Eritrea** ranks **9** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.65. **Ethiopia** ranks **17** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.61. **Saudi Arabia** ranks **113** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.35. There was insufficient data to determine the Lack of Resilience Index score for **Somalia**. **Yemen** ranks **5** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.67.



Djibouti ranks **23** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Environmental Capacity, Conflict Impacts and Info Access Vulnerability.

Eritrea ranks **9** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Clean Water Vulnerability, Info Access Vulnerability and Environmental Capacity.

Ethiopia ranks **17** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Info Access Vulnerability, Infrastructure and Clean Water Vulnerability.

Saudi Arabia ranks **113** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Marginalization, Governance and Population Pressures.

There was insufficient data to determine the Lack of Resilience Index score for **Somalia**.

Yemen ranks **5** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Environmental Capacity, Conflict Impacts and Governance.

Regional Overview

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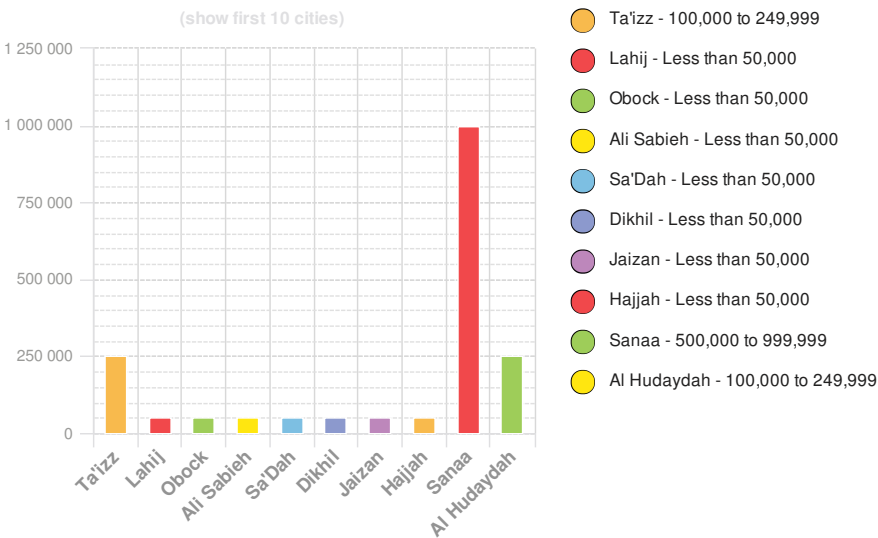
Population Data:

2011

Total: **22, 402, 906**

Max Density: **77, 004**(ppl/km²)

Populated Areas:



Risk & Vulnerability

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Multi Hazard Risk Index:

Saudi Arabia ranks **113** out of **165** on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.43. Saudi Arabia is estimated to have relatively medium overall exposure, low vulnerability, and high coping capacity.

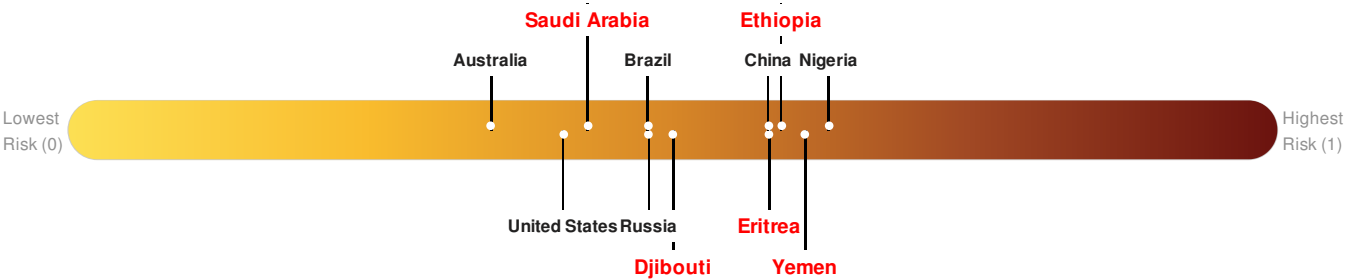
Djibouti ranks **75** out of **165** on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.5. Djibouti is estimated to have relatively low overall exposure, medium vulnerability, and low coping capacity.

Eritrea ranks **31** out of **165** on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.58. Eritrea is estimated to have relatively medium overall exposure, medium vulnerability, and low coping capacity.

Ethiopia ranks **27** out of **165** on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.59. Ethiopia is estimated to have relatively medium overall exposure, medium vulnerability, and low coping capacity.

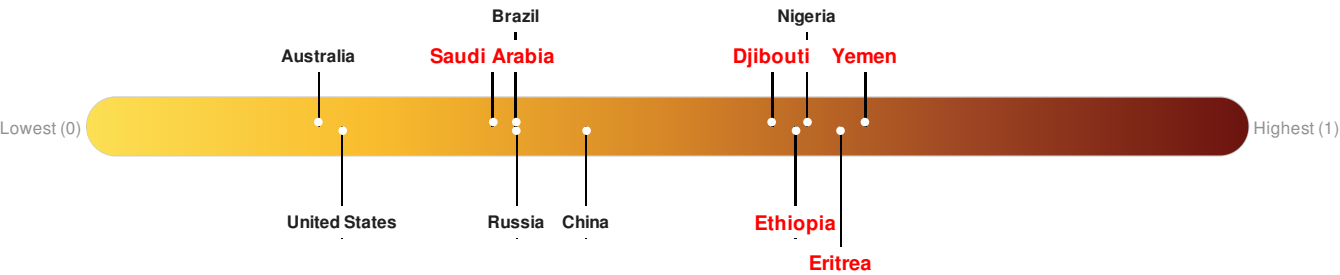
There was insufficient data to determine the Multi Hazard Risk Index score for **Somalia**.

Yemen ranks **18** out of **165** on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.61. Yemen is estimated to have relatively medium overall exposure, high vulnerability, and low coping capacity.



Lack of Resilience Index:

Lack of Resilience represents the combination of susceptibility to impact and the relative inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from negative impacts that do occur over the short term. **Djibouti** ranks **23** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.59. **Eritrea** ranks **9** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.65. **Ethiopia** ranks **17** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.61. **Saudi Arabia** ranks **113** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.35. There was insufficient data to determine the Lack of Resilience Index score for **Somalia**. **Yemen** ranks **5** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.67.



Djibouti ranks **23** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Environmental Capacity, Conflict Impacts and Info Access Vulnerability.

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Saudi Arabia ranks **113** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Marginalization, Governance and Population Pressures.

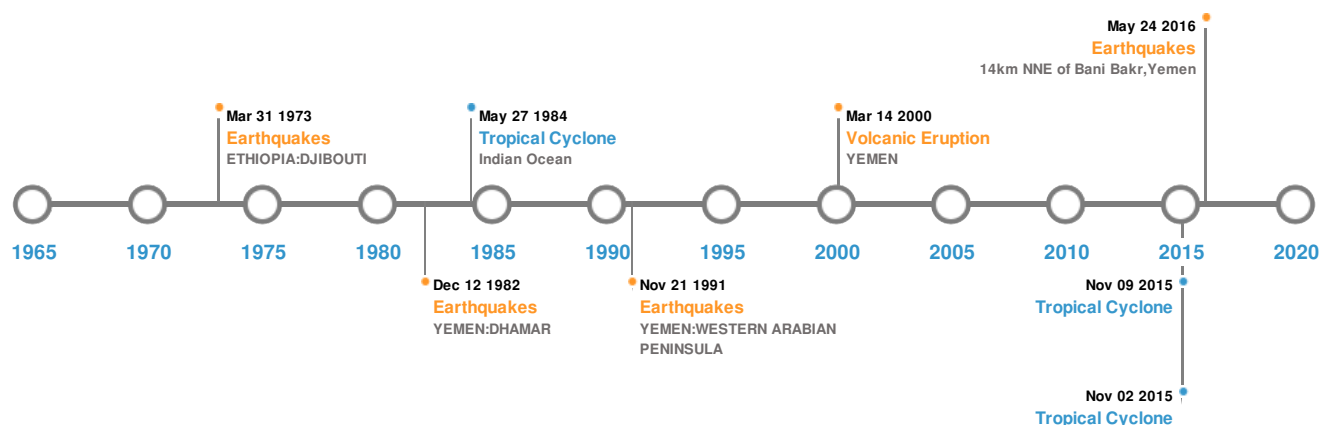
There was insufficient data to determine the Lack of Resilience Index score for **Somalia**.

Yemen ranks **5** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Environmental Capacity, Conflict Impacts and Governance.

Historical Hazards

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Historical Hazards:



Earthquakes:

5 Largest Earthquakes (Resulting in significant damage or deaths)

Event	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (Km)	Location	Lat/Long
	13-Dec-1982 00:09:00	6.00	5	YEMEN: DHAMAR	14.7° N / 44.38° E
	01-Apr-1973 00:07:00	5.90	31	ETHIOPIA: DJIBOUTI	11.66° N / 43.03° E
	11-Jan-1941 00:08:00	5.90	-	YEMEN: RAZIH	16.4° N / 43.5° E
	24-May-2016 17:43:28	5.00	10	14km NNE of Bani Bakr, Yemen	14.06° N / 45.31° E
	22-Nov-1991 00:00:00	4.70	10	YEMEN: WESTERN ARABIAN PENINSULA	13.89° N / 44.07° E

Volcanic Eruptions:




5 Largest Volcanic Eruptions (Last updated in 2000)

Event	Name	Date (UTC)	Volcanic Explosivity Index	Location	Lat/Long
	SAWAD, HARRA ES-	01-Jan-1253 00:00:00	3.00	ARABIA-S	13.58° N / 46.12° E
	HIBSHI MOUNTAIN	15-Mar-2000 00:00:00	2.00	YEMEN	14° N / 44° E
	ARHAB, HARRA OF	02-Dec-1933 00:00:00	0.00	ARABIA-S	15.63° N / 44.08° E

Tsunami Runups:

5 Largest Tsunami Runups						
Event	Date (UTC)	Country	Runup (m)	Deaths	Location	Lat/Long
	27-Aug-1883 15:00:00	YEMEN	0.2	-	ADEN	12.78° N / 45.05° E

Tropical Cyclones:

5 Largest Tropical Cyclones						
Event	Name	Start/End Date(UTC)	Max Wind Speed (mph)	Min Pressure (mb)	Location	Lat/Long
	MEGH	05-Nov-2015 00:00:00 - 10-Nov-2015 00:00:00	104	-	-	13.54° N / 45.87° E
	CHAPALA	31-Oct-2015 00:00:00 - 03-Nov-2015 00:00:00	75	-	-	14.95° N / 47.24° E
	1984-05-23	23-May-1984 18:00:00 - 28-May-1984 00:00:00	52	No Data	Indian Ocean	11.65° N / 50.5° E

Disclosures

* As defined by the source ([Dartmouth Flood Observatory](#), University of Colorado), Flood Magnitude = LOG(Duration x Severity x Affected Area). Severity classes are based on estimated recurrence intervals and other criteria.

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