

HONOLULU 17:50:46 23 Mar 2017 WASH.D.C. 23:50:46 23 Mar 2017 ZULU 03:50:46 24 Mar 2017 NAIROBI 06:50:46 24 Mar 2017 YANGON 10:20:46 24 Mar 2017 BANGKOK 10:50:46 24 Mar 2017

Region Selected » Lower Left Latitude/Longitude: 18.993739424 N°, 95.708879786 E° Upper Right Latitude/Longitude: 24.993739424 N°, 101.708879786 E°



#### **Situational Awareness**

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

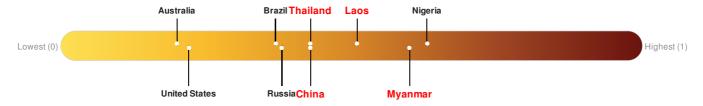
#### **Current Hazards:**

Source: PDC

Active Wild Fire						
Event	Severity	Date (UTC)	Name	Lat/Long		
	0	24-Mar-2017 03:47:44	Wildfire - SE of Namtu, Shan - Myanmar	21.99° N / 98.71° E		

#### Lack of Resilience Index:

Lack of Resilience represents the combination of susceptibility to impact and the relative inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from negative impacts that do occur over the short term. China ranks 82 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.43. Laos ranks 51 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.51. Myanmar ranks 21 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.6. Thailand ranks 82 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.43.



China ranks 82 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Environmental Capacity, Governance and Marginalization.

Laos ranks 51 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Info Access Vulnerability. Population Pressures and Infrastructure.

Myanmar ranks 21 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Environmental Capacity, Infrastructure and Governance.

Thailand ranks 82 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Recent Disaster Impacts, Governance and Infrastructure.

#### **Regional Overview**

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## **Population Data:**

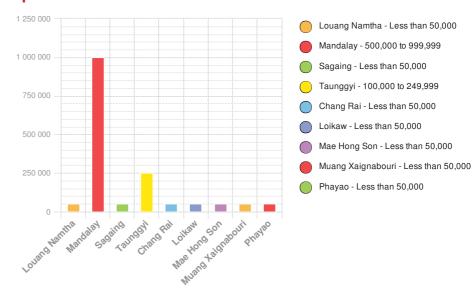
#### 2011

Total: 23, 557, 498

Max Density: 67, 008(ppl/km<sup>2</sup>)

Source: iSciences

# **Populated Areas:**



#### **Risk & Vulnerability**

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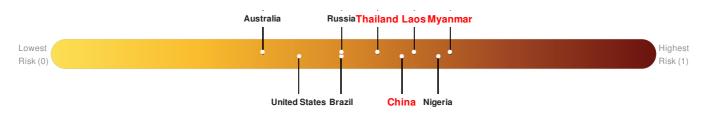
#### Multi Hazard Risk Index:

China ranks 32 out of 165 on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.58. China is estimated to have relatively very high overall exposure, low vulnerability, and medium coping capacity.

Laos ranks 24 out of 165 on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.6. Laos is estimated to have relatively high overall exposure, medium vulnerability, and medium coping capacity.

Myanmar ranks 7 out of 165 on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.66. Myanmar is estimated to have relatively high overall exposure, medium vulnerability, and low coping capacity.

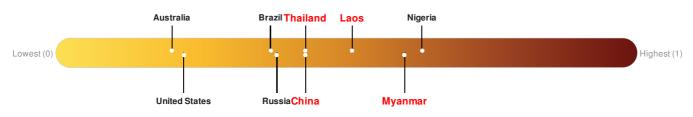
Thailand ranks 53 out of 165 on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.54. Thailand is estimated to have relatively high overall exposure, low vulnerability, and medium coping capacity.



Source: PDC

## Lack of Resilience Index:

Lack of Resilience represents the combination of susceptibility to impact and the relative inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from negative impacts that do occur over the short term. China ranks 82 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.43. Laos ranks 51 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.51. Myanmar ranks 21 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.6. Thailand ranks 82 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.43.



China ranks 82 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Environmental Capacity, Governance and Marginalization.

Laos ranks 51 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Info Access Vulnerability, Population Pressures and Infrastructure.

Myanmar ranks 21 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Environmental Capacity, Infrastructure and Governance.

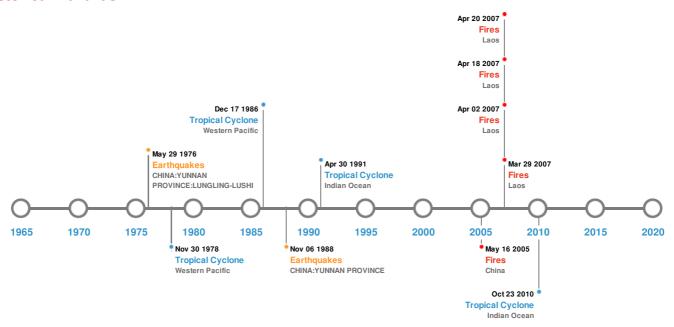
Thailand ranks 82 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Recent Disaster Impacts, Governance and Infrastructure.

Source: PDC

#### **Historical Hazards**

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## **Historical Hazards:**



# **Earthquakes:**

5 Largest Earthquakes (Resulting in significant damage or deaths)						
Event	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (Km)	Location	Lat/Long	
<b>*</b>	23-May-1912 00:02:00	8.00	25	MYANMAR (BURMA): MANDALAY, MOGOK, MAYMYO	21° N/97° E	
<b>*</b>	12-Sep-1946 00:15:00	7.80	60	MYANMAR (BURMA)	23.9° N/96.2° E	
<b></b>	12-Sep-1946 00:15:00	7.50	60	MYANMAR (BURMA)	23.9° N/96.2° E	
<b></b>	29-May-1976 00:14:00	7.40	10	CHINA: YUNNAN PROVINCE: LUNGLING-LUSHI	24.53° N / 98.71° E	
<b>*</b>	06-Nov-1988 00:13:00	7.30	18	CHINA: YUNNAN PROVINCE	22.79° N / 99.61° E	

Source: Earthquakes

# Tsunami Runups:

5 Largest Tsunami Runups							
Event	Date (UTC)	Country	Runup (m)	Deaths	Location	Lat/Long	
<b>\$</b>	04-Aug-1714 00:00:00	MYANMAR (BURMA)	-	-	AVA (INNWA)	21.85° N / 95.97° E	

Source: <u>Tsunamis</u>

## Wildfires:

5 Largest Wildfires						
Event	Start/End Date(UTC)	Size (sq. km.)	Location	Mean Lat/Long		
<b></b>	15-Feb-2007 00:00:00 - 29-Mar-2007 00:00:00	29.00	Laos	19.37° N / 101.76° E		
<b></b>	24-Mar-2007 00:00:00 - 18-Apr-2007 00:00:00	25.50	Laos	20.22° N / 100.77° E		
<b></b>	28-Feb-2005 00:00:00 - 16-May-2005 00:00:00	23.10	China	23.52° N / 100.48° E		
<b></b>	18-Mar-2007 00:00:00 - 02-Apr-2007 00:00:00	21.90	Laos	20.39° N / 101.68° E		
<b>*</b>	19-Mar-2007 00:00:00 - 20-Apr-2007 00:00:00	19.60	Laos	20.63° N / 101.5° E		

Source: Wildfires

# **Tropical Cyclones:**

5 Largest Tropical Cyclones						
Event	Name	Start/End Date(UTC)	Max Wind Speed (mph)	Min Pressure (mb)	Location	Lat/Long
	IDA	18-Aug-1954 18:00:00 - 31-Aug-1954 12:00:00	173	No Data	Western Pacific	17.43° N / 129.25° E
	BETTY	07-Aug-1987 06:00:00 - 17-Aug-1987 06:00:00	161	No Data	Western Pacific	13.64° N / 117.2° E
	1991-04- 22	23-Apr-1991 00:00:00 - 30-Apr-1991 12:00:00	161	No Data	Indian Ocean	16.73° N / 92.1° E
	GIRI	21-Oct-2010 00:00:00 - 23-Oct-2010 06:00:00	155	No Data	Indian Ocean	20.06° N / 94.15° E
	HOPE	24-Jul-1979 12:00:00 - 08-Aug-1979 12:00:00	150	No Data	Western Pacific	15.98° N / 116.2° E

Source: Tropical Cyclones

# **Disclosures**

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<sup>\*</sup> As defined by the source (<u>Dartmouth Flood Observatory</u>, University of Colorado), Flood Magnitude = LOG(Duration x Severity x Affected Area). Severity classes are based on estimated recurrence intervals and other criteria.