

HONOLULU 17:00:06 24 Feb 2017 WASH.D.C. 22:00:06 24 Feb 2017 LA PAZ 23:00:06 24 Feb 2017 ZULU 03:00:06 25 Feb 2017 NAIROBI 06:00:06 25 Feb 2017 BANGKOK 10:00:06 25 Feb 2017

Region Selected » Lower Left Latitude/Longitude: -22.5266 N°, -72.0453 E° Upper Right Latitude/Longitude: -16.5266 N°, -66.0453 E'



Situational Awareness

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

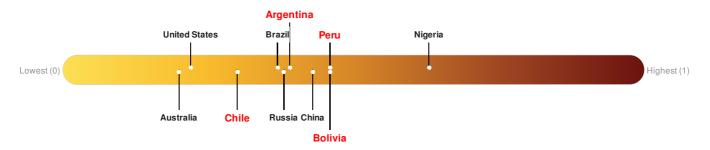
Current Hazards:

Source: PDC

Recent Earthquakes							
Event	Severity	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (km)	Location	Lat/Long	
	0	25-Feb-2017 02:51:26	5.2	107.1	Tarapaca, Chile	19.53° S/69.05° W	

Lack of Resilience Index:

Lack of Resilience represents the combination of susceptibility to impact and the relative inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from negative impacts that do occur over the short term. Argentina ranks 92 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.39. Bolivia ranks 64 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.46. Chile ranks 127 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.3. Peru ranks 64 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.46.



Argentina ranks 92 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Environmental Capacity, Governance and Marginalization.

Bolivia ranks 64 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Recent Disaster Impacts, Infrastructure and Governance.

Chile ranks 127 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Recent Disaster Impacts, Infrastructure and Marginalization.

Peru ranks 64 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Recent Disaster Impacts, Infrastructure and Governance.

Regional Overview

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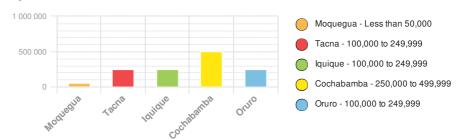
Population Data:

2011

Total: 3,700,082

Max Density: 50, 158(ppl/km²)

Populated Areas:



Source: iSciences

Risk & Vulnerability

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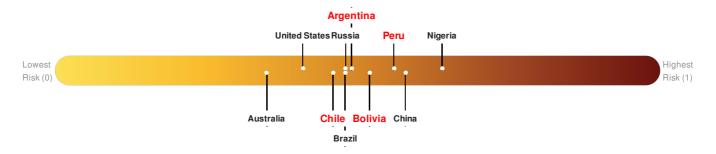
Multi Hazard Risk Index:

Argentina ranks 81 out of 165 on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.49. Argentina is estimated to have relatively high overall exposure, low vulnerability, and medium coping capacity.

Bolivia ranks 66 out of 165 on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.52. Bolivia is estimated to have relatively high overall exposure, medium vulnerability, and medium coping capacity.

Chile ranks 103 out of 165 on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.46. Chile is estimated to have relatively high overall exposure, low vulnerability, and high coping capacity.

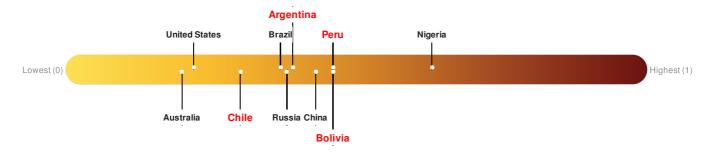
Peru ranks 40 out of 165 on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.56. Peru is estimated to have relatively high overall exposure, medium vulnerability, and medium coping capacity.



Source: PDC

Lack of Resilience Index:

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Argentina ranks 92 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Environmental Capacity, Governance and Marginalization.

Bolivia ranks 64 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Recent Disaster Impacts, Infrastructure and Governance.

Chile ranks 127 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Recent Disaster Impacts, Infrastructure and Marginalization.

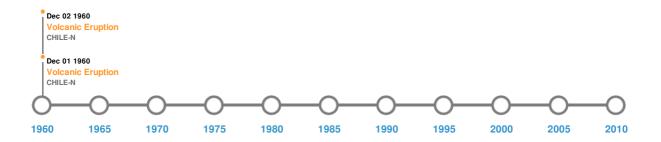
Peru ranks 64 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Recent Disaster Impacts, Infrastructure and Governance.

Source: PDC

Historical Hazards

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Historical Hazards:



Earthquakes:

5 Largest Earthquakes (Resulting in significant damage or deaths)							
Event	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (Km)	Location	Lat/Long		
*	06-Feb-1716 00:00:00	8.80	40	PERU: PUEBLO DE TORATA IN TACNA	17.2° S / 71.2° W		
*	13-Aug-1868 00:21:00	8.50	25	CHILE: ARICA	18.6° S/71° W		
	24-Nov-1604 00:18:00	8.50	30	PERU: AREQUIPA; CHILE: ARICA	17.88° S / 70.94° W		
	10-May-1877 00:00:00	8.30	40	CHILE: OFF NORTH COAST	19.6° S / 70.2° W		
*	22-Jan-1582 00:16:00	8.20	30	PERU: SOCABAYA,AREQUIPA	16.6° S / 71.6° W		

Source: Earthquakes

Volcanic Eruptions:

5 Largest Volcanic Eruptions (Last updated in 2000)						
Event	Name	Date (UTC)	Volcanic Explosivity Index	Location	Lat/Long	
♦	HUAYNAPUTINA	19-Feb-1600 00:00:00	4.00	PERU	16.61° S / 70.85° W	
	TUTUPACA	30-Mar-1802 00:00:00	3.00	PERU	17.02° S / 70.36° W	

Event	Name	Date (UTC)	Volcanic Explosivity Index	Location	Lat/Long
	SAN PEDRO	02-Dec-1960 00:00:00	2.00	CHILE-N	21.88° S / 68.4° W
♦	GUALLATIRI	01-Dec-1960 00:00:00	2.00	CHILE-N	18.41° S/69.16° W
	GUALLATIRI	15-Jul-1959 00:00:00	2.00	CHILE-N	18.41° S/69.16° W

Source: Volcanoes

Tsunami Runups:

5 Largest Tsunami Runups						
Event	Date (UTC)	Country	Runup (m)	Deaths	Location	Lat/Long
\$	10-May-1877 01:05:00	CHILE	24	-	TOCOPILLA	22.08° S/70.17° W
\$	10-May-1877 01:14:00	CHILE	18	-	HUANILLOS	21.2° S/70.09° W
♦	13-Aug-1868 21:39:00	CHILE	18	-	ARICA	18.47° S/70.33° W
♦	13-Aug-1868 22:00:00	CHILE	12	150	IQUIQUE	20.22° S/70.17° W
\$	10-May-1877 01:23:00	CHILE	10	200	CALETA PABELLON DE PICA	20.9° S/70.13° W

Source: <u>Tsunamis</u>

Disclosures

* As defined by the source (<u>Dartmouth Flood Observatory</u>, University of Colorado), Flood Magnitude = LOG(Duration x Severity x Affected Area). Severity classes are based on estimated recurrence intervals and other criteria.

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