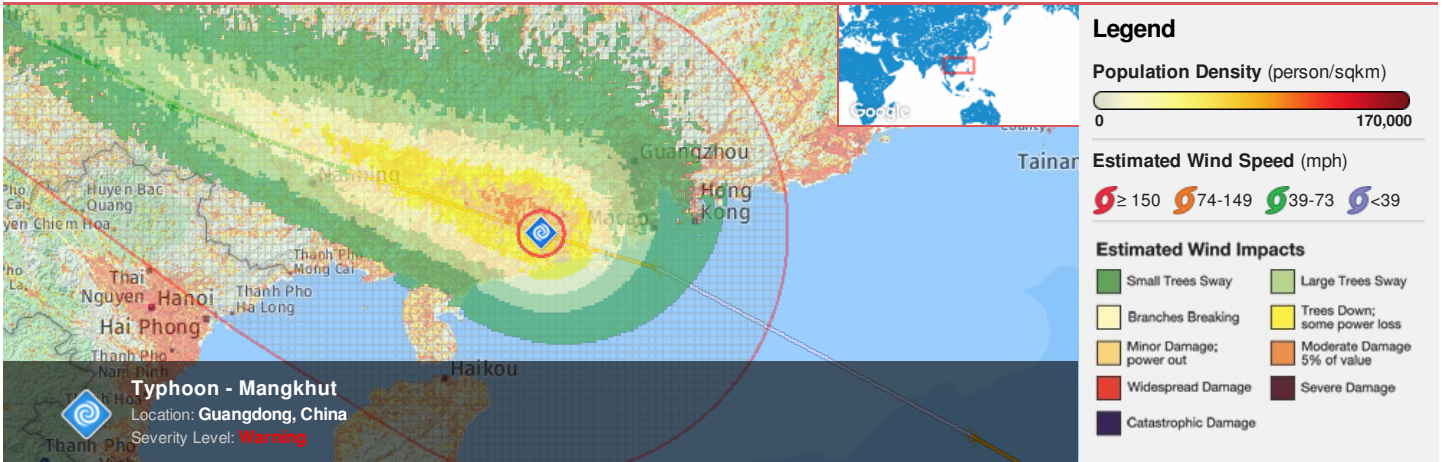




Region Selected » Lower Left Latitude/Longitude: 19.1 N° , 108.8 E°
Upper Right Latitude/Longitude: 25.1 N° , 114.8 E°



Situational Awareness

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please [register here](#). Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Current Hazards:

Active Tropical Cyclones										
Event	Severity	Name	Wind Speed (mph)	Wind Gusts (mph)	Heading	Track Speed (mph)	Advisory Num	Status	Pressure (mb)	Lat/Long
		Typhoon - Mangkhut	81	98	WNW	20	39	Hurricane/Typhoon > 74 mph	-	22.1° N / 111.8° E

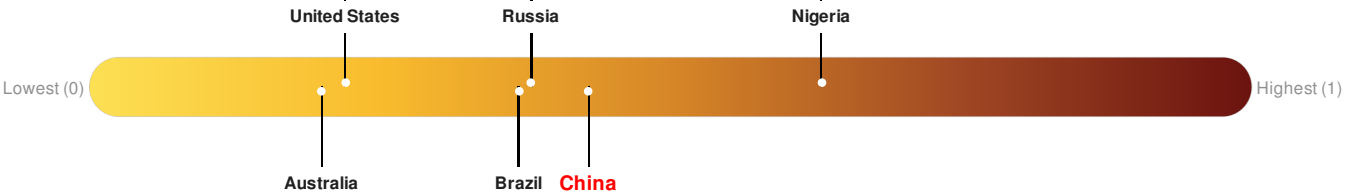
Source: [PDC](#)

Lack of Resilience Index:

The Lack of Resilience Index assesses the susceptibility to impact and the short-term inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from disruptions to a country's normal function.

China ranks **82** out of **165** countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. China is less resilient than 51% of countries assessed. This indicates that China has medium susceptibility to negative impacts, and is more able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.

There was insufficient data to determine the Lack of Resilience Index score for **China, Hong Kong Special Admin Region**.



Source: [PDC](#)

Regional Overview

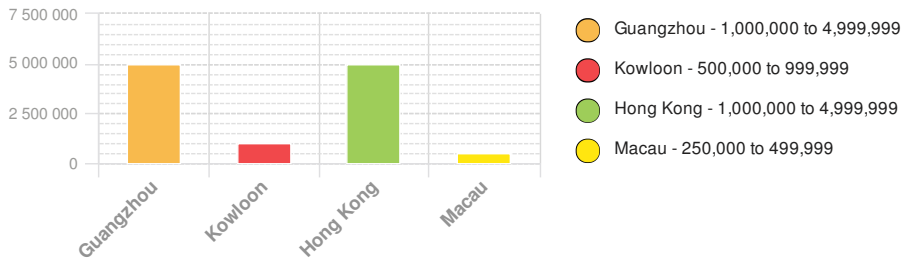
Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please [register here](#). Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Population Data:

2011

Total: 109,075,264
Max Density: 144,926(ppl/km²)

Populated Areas:



Source: [iSciences](#)

Risk & Vulnerability

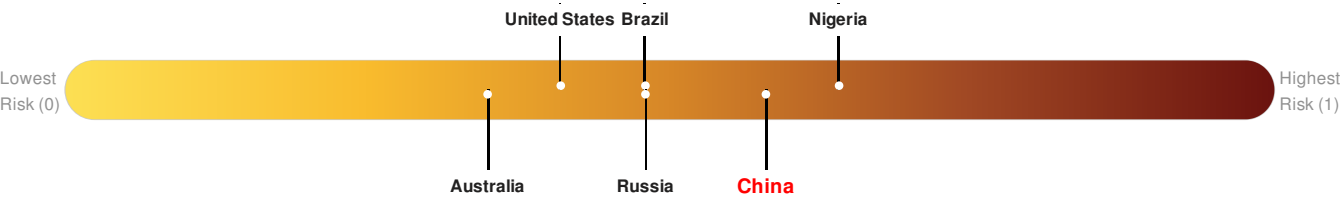
Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please [register here](#). Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Multi Hazard Risk Index:

The Multi Hazard Risk index assesses the likelihood of losses or disruptions to a country's normal function due to the interaction between exposure to multiple hazards (tropical cyclone winds, earthquake, flood and tsunami), socioeconomic vulnerability, and coping capacity

Multi-Hazard Exposure **China** ranks **32** out of **165** countries assessed for Multi Hazard Risk. China has a Multi Hazard Risk higher than 81% of countries assessed. This indicates that China has more likelihood of loss and/or disruption to normal function if exposed to a hazard.

There was insufficient data to determine the Multi Hazard Risk Index score for **China, Hong Kong Special Admin Region**.



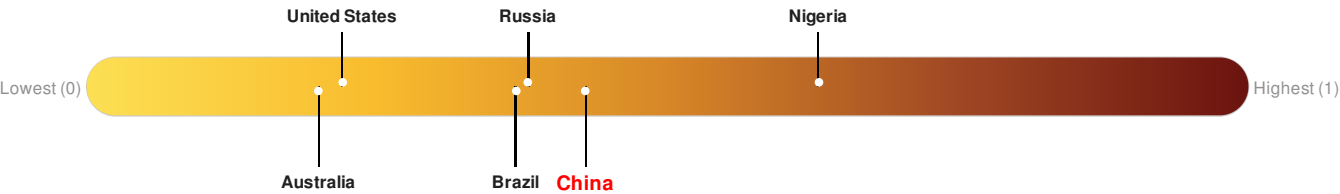
Source: [PDC](#)

Lack of Resilience Index:

The Lack of Resilience Index assesses the susceptibility to impact and the short-term inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from disruptions to a country's normal function.

China ranks **82** out of **165** countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. China is less resilient than 51% of countries assessed. This indicates that China has medium susceptibility to negative impacts, and is more able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.

There was insufficient data to determine the Lack of Resilience Index score for **China, Hong Kong Special Admin Region**.

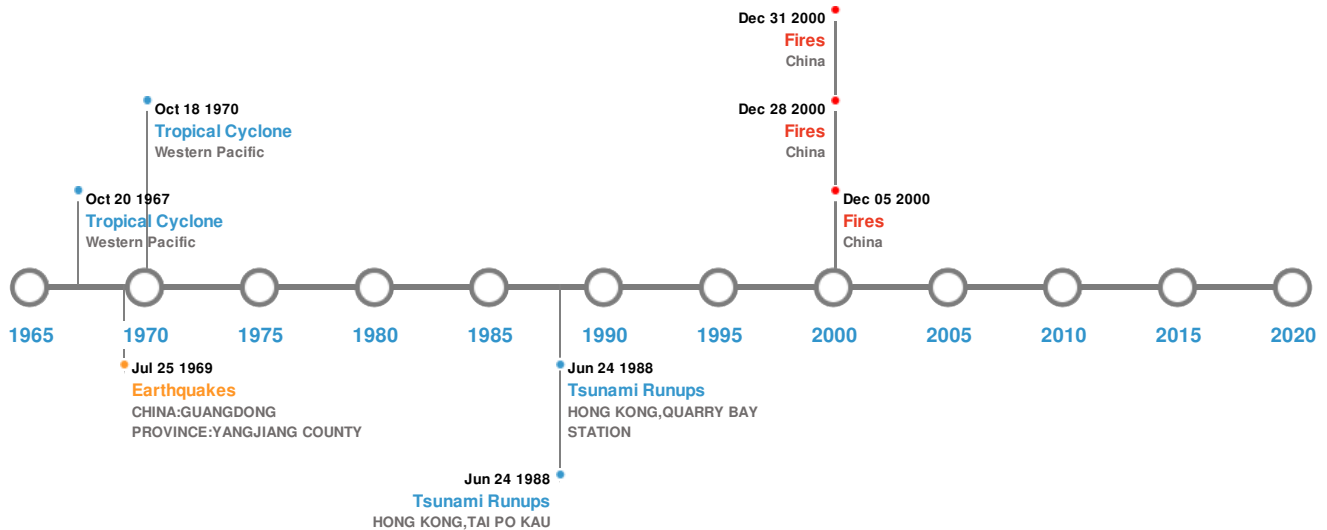


Source: [PDC](#)

Historical Hazards

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please [register here](#). Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Historical Hazards:



Earthquakes:

5 Largest Earthquakes (Resulting in significant damage or deaths)




Event	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (Km)	Location	Lat/Long
	13-Jul-1605 00:00:00	7.50	-	CHINA: GUANGDONG PROVINCE	19.9° N / 110.5° E
	01-Apr-1936 00:00:00	6.80	-	CHINA: GUANGXI PROVINCE	22.5° N / 109.4° E
	25-Jul-1969 00:22:00	6.40	5	CHINA: GUANGDONG PROVINCE: YANGJIANG COUNTY	22.32° N / 111.8° E
	18-Mar-1962 00:20:00	6.10	25	CHINA: GUANGDONG PROVINCE	23.72° N / 114.67° E
	25-Sep-1958 00:01:00	5.80	-	CHINA: GUANGXI PROVINCE	22.5° N / 109.5° E

Source: [Earthquakes](#)

Tsunami Runups:




5 Largest Tsunami Runups

Event	Date (UTC)	Country	Runup (m)	Deaths	Location	Lat/Long
	01-May-1765 00:00:00	CHINA	9	-	CANTON	23.13° N / 113.33° E
	24-Jun-1988 00:00:00	CHINA	1.03	-	HONG KONG, TAI PO KAU	22.4° N / 114.18° E

Event	Date (UTC)	Country	Runup (m)	Deaths	Location	Lat/Long
	24-Jun-1988 00:00:00	CHINA	0.65	-	HONG KONG, QUARRY BAY STATION	22.29° N / 114.22° E
	22-May-1960 00:00:00	CHINA	0.6	-	HONG KONG	22.25° N / 114.17° E
	22-May-1960 22:20:00	CHINA	0.5	-	HONG KONG	22.25° N / 114.17° E






Source: [Tsunamis](#)

Wildfires:

5 Largest Wildfires				
Event	Start/End Date(UTC)	Size (sq. km.)	Location	Mean Lat/Long
	09-Oct-2000 00:00:00 - 05-Dec-2000 00:00:00	21.10	China	22.38° N / 112.86° E
	30-Oct-2000 00:00:00 - 09-Jan-2001 00:00:00	16.00	China	22.54° N / 112.81° E
	30-Oct-2000 00:00:00 - 28-Dec-2000 00:00:00	15.10	China	23.79° N / 113.51° E

Source: [Wildfires](#)

Tropical Cyclones:

5 Largest Tropical Cyclones						
Event	Name	Start/End Date(UTC)	Max Wind Speed (mph)	Min Pressure (mb)	Location	Lat/Long
	SALLY	03-Sep-1964 06:00:00 - 11-Sep-1964 12:00:00	196	No Data	Western Pacific	18.13° N / 133.15° E
	CARLA	12-Oct-1967 12:00:00 - 20-Oct-1967 00:00:00	184	No Data	Western Pacific	15.38° N / 124.8° E
	JOAN	10-Oct-1970 06:00:00 - 18-Oct-1970 00:00:00	173	No Data	Western Pacific	15.13° N / 125.35° E
	IDA	18-Aug-1954 18:00:00 - 31-Aug-1954 12:00:00	173	No Data	Western Pacific	17.43° N / 129.25° E
	PAMELA	27-Oct-1954 18:00:00 - 08-Nov-1954 00:00:00	173	No Data	Western Pacific	18.18° N / 121.35° E

Source: [Tropical Cyclones](#)

Disclosures

* As defined by the source ([Dartmouth Flood Observatory](#), University of Colorado), Flood Magnitude = LOG(Duration x Severity x Affected Area). Severity classes are based on estimated recurrence intervals and other criteria.

The information and data contained in this product are for reference only. Pacific Disaster Center (PDC) does not guarantee the accuracy of this data. Refer to original sources for any legal restrictions. Please refer to PDC Terms of Use for PDC generated information and products. The names, boundaries, colors, denominations and any other information shown on the associated maps do not imply, on the part of PDC, any judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries.