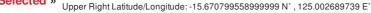
Pacific Disaster Center Area Brief: General	HONOLULU 17:58:45 18 Sep 2018	WASH.D.C. 23:58:45 18 Sep 2018	ZULU 03:58:45 19 Sep 2018	NAIROBI 06:58:45 19 Sep 2018	BANGKOK 10:58:45 19 Sep 2018	DILI 12:58:45 19 Sep 2018
Executive Summary						

Region Selected » Lower Left Latitude/Longitude: -21.670799559 N°, 119.002689739 E





Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

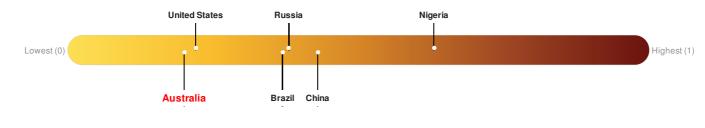
Current Hazards:

Active Wild Fire						
Event	Severity	Date (UTC)	Name	Lat/Long		
	1	19-Sep-2018 03:57:27	Wildfire - S of Broome, Western Australia - Australia	18.67° S/122° E		
Source: <u>PDC</u>						

Lack of Resilience Index:

The Lack of Resilience Index assesses the susceptibility to impact and the short-term inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from disruptions to a country's normal function.

Australia ranks 154 out of 164 countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. Australia is less resilient than 7% of countries assessed. This indicates that Australia has very low susceptibility to negative impacts, and is better able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.



Source: PDC



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Population Data:

Populated Areas:

Source: <u>iSciences</u>

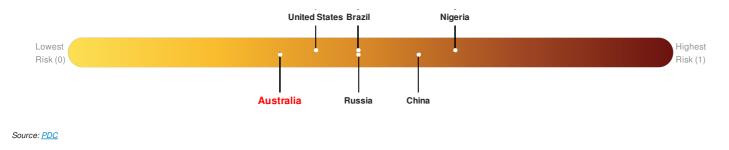
Risk & Vulnerability

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Multi Hazard Risk Index:

The Multi Hazard Risk index assesses the likelihood of losses or disruptions to a country's normal function due to the interaction between exposure to multiple hazards (tropical cyclone winds, earthquake, flood and tsunami), socioeconomic vulnerability, and coping capacity

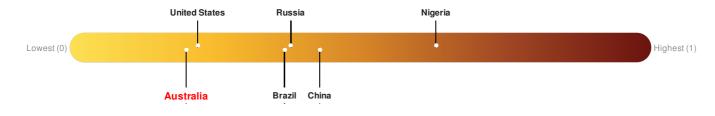
Australia ranks 86 out of 164 countries assessed for Multi Hazard Risk. Australia has a Multi Hazard Risk higher than 14% of countries assessed. This indicates that Australia has a low likelihood of loss and/or disruption to normal function if exposed to a hazard.



Lack of Resilience Index:

The Lack of Resilience Index assesses the susceptibility to impact and the short-term inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from disruptions to a country's normal function.

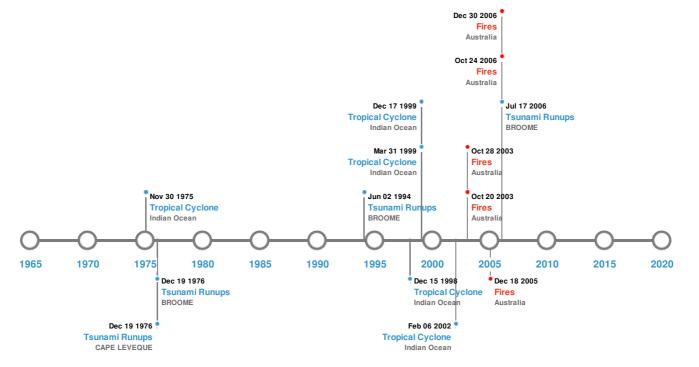
Australia ranks 154 out of 164 countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. Australia is less resilient than 7% of countries assessed. This indicates that Australia has very low susceptibility to negative impacts, and is better able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.



Source: PDC

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Historical Hazards:



Tsunami Runups:

5 Larges	5 Largest Tsunami Runups							
Event	Date (UTC)	Country	Runup (m)	Deaths	Location	Lat/Long		
	19-Aug-1977 00:00:00	AUSTRALIA	6	-	CAPE LEVEQUE	16.24° S / 122.56° E		
	17-Jul-2006 13:02:00	AUSTRALIA	-	-	BROOME	17.92° S/122.22° E		
	02-Jun-1994 00:00:00	AUSTRALIA	-	-	BROOME	18° S / 122.22° E		
	19-Aug-1977 00:00:00	AUSTRALIA	-	-	BROOME	17.92° S/122.22° E		

Source: Tsunamis

Wildfires:

5 Largest Wildfires							
Event	Start/End Date(UTC)	Size (sq. km.)	Location	Mean Lat/Long			
	09-Oct-2003 00:00:00 - 20-Oct-2003 00:00:00	68.60	Australia	16.54° S / 124.66° E			
	23-Oct-2006 00:00:00 - 24-Oct-2006 00:00:00	58.70	Australia	20.1° S / 120.44° E			
	21-Aug-2007 00:00:00 - 30-Sep-2007 00:00:00	58.30	Australia	15.77° S / 124.84° E			

e	Start/End Date(UTC)	Size (sq. km.)	Location	Mean Lat/Long
-	09-Sep-2006 00:00:00 - 18-Sep-2006 00:00:00	50.80	Australia	19.27° S/123.26° E
	10-Feb-2003 00:00:00 - 28-Oct-2003 00:00:00	49.20	Australia	16.46° S/124.19° E

Source: Wildfires

Tropical Cyclones:

5 Large	5 Largest Tropical Cyclones							
Event	Name	Start/End Date(UTC)	Max Wind Speed (mph)	Min Pressure (mb)	Location	Lat/Long		
٢	1998-12- 04	04-Dec-1998 06:00:00 - 15-Dec-1998 00:00:00	155	No Data	Indian Ocean	14.83° S/126.75° E		
٢	1999-12- 10	10-Dec-1999 06:00:00 - 17-Dec-1999 06:00:00	150	No Data	Indian Ocean	16.07° S/109.1° E		
٨	1999-04- 03	03-Apr-1999 18:00:00 - 08-Apr-1999 06:00:00	150	No Data	Indian Ocean	17.31° S/121.45° E		
٩	CHRIS	04-Feb-2002 06:00:00 - 06-Feb-2002 06:00:00	144	No Data	Indian Ocean	18.7° S/120.5° E		
٨	1975-11- 30	30-Nov-1975 06:00:00 - 09-Dec-1975 18:00:00	144	No Data	Indian Ocean	18.5° S/122.55° E		

Source: Tropical Cyclones

Disclosures

* As defined by the source (<u>Dartmouth Flood Observatory</u>, University of Colorado), Flood Magnitude = LOG(Duration x Severity x Affected Area). Severity classes are based on estimated recurrence intervals and other criteria.

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