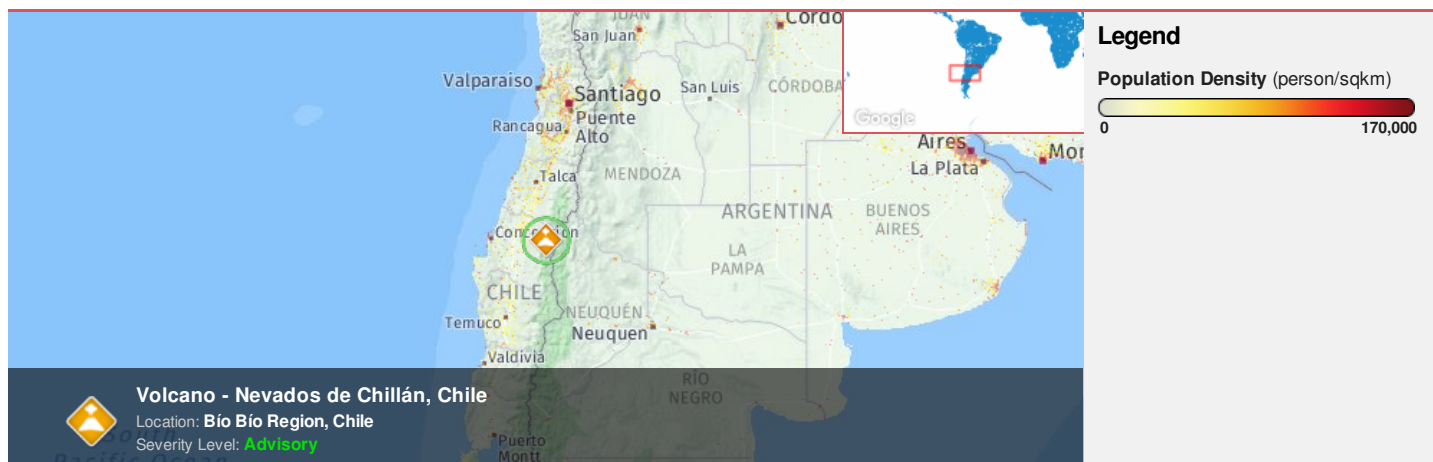




Region Selected » Lower Left Latitude/Longitude: -39.863 N° , -74.377 E°
 Upper Right Latitude/Longitude: -33.863 N° , -68.377 E°



Situational Awareness

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please [register here](#). Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Current Hazards:

Active Volcanoes

Event	Severity	Last Updated (UTC)	Name	Region	Primary Observatory	Activity	More Information	Lat/Long
		13-Oct-2018 15:16:54	Volcano - Nevados de Chillán, Chile	-	-	-	-	36.86° S / 71.38° W

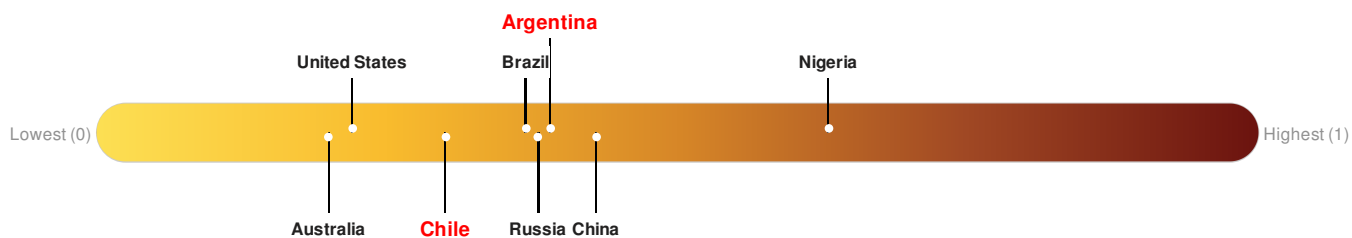
Source: [PDC](#)

Lack of Resilience Index:

The Lack of Resilience Index assesses the susceptibility to impact and the short-term inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from disruptions to a country's normal function.

Argentina ranks **92** out of **164** countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. Argentina is less resilient than 44% of countries assessed. This indicates that Argentina has low susceptibility to negative impacts, and is better able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.

Chile ranks **127** out of **164** countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. Chile is less resilient than 23% of countries assessed. This indicates that Chile has low susceptibility to negative impacts, and is better able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.



Source: [PDC](#)

Regional Overview

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apply for access, please [register here](#). Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

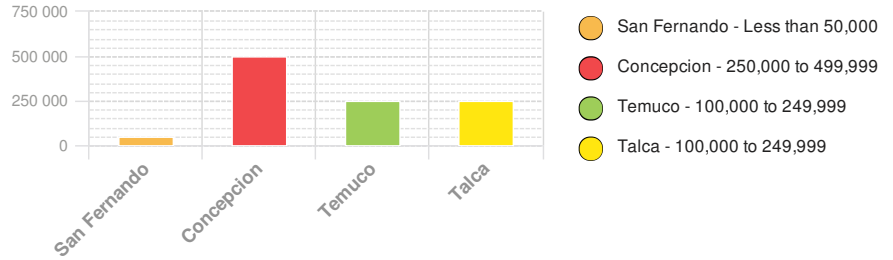
Population Data:

2011

Total: 5,348,000

Max Density: 52,743 (ppl/km²)

Populated Areas:



Source: [iSciences](#)

Risk & Vulnerability

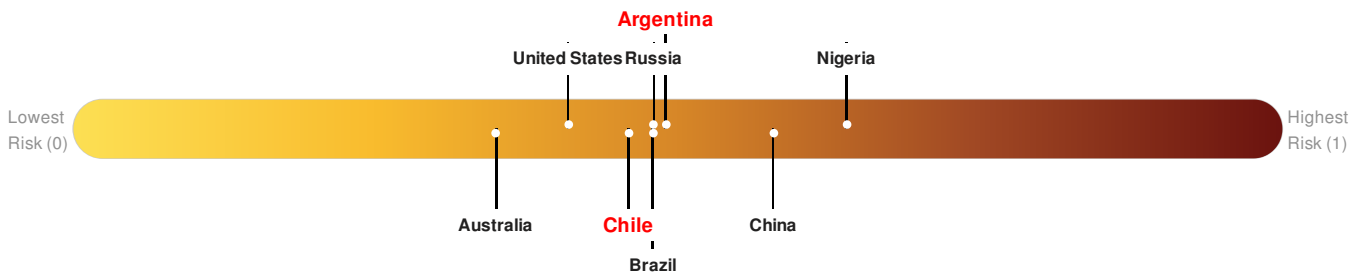
Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please [register here](#). Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Multi Hazard Risk Index:

The Multi Hazard Risk index assesses the likelihood of losses or disruptions to a country's normal function due to the interaction between exposure to multiple hazards (tropical cyclone winds, earthquake, flood and tsunamis), socioeconomic vulnerability, and coping capacity

Argentina ranks 49 out of 164 countries assessed for Multi Hazard Risk. Argentina has a Multi Hazard Risk higher than 51% of countries assessed. This indicates that Argentina has a medium likelihood of loss and/or disruption to normal function if exposed to a hazard.

Chile ranks 62 out of 164 countries assessed for Multi Hazard Risk. Chile has a Multi Hazard Risk higher than 38% of countries assessed. This indicates that Chile has a medium likelihood of loss and/or disruption to normal function if exposed to a hazard.



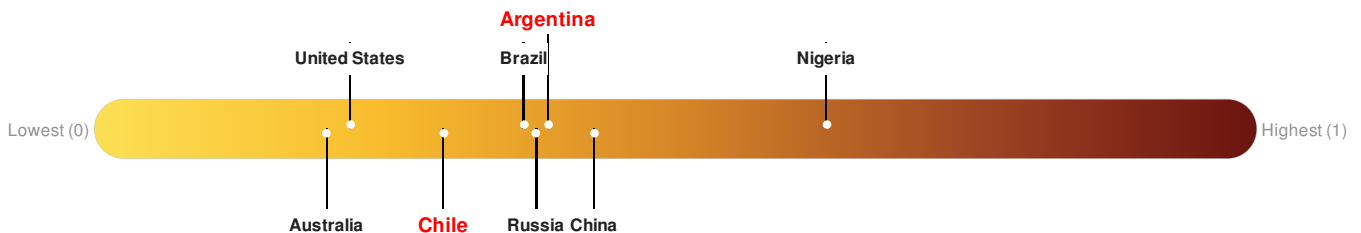
Source: [PDC](#)

Lack of Resilience Index:

The Lack of Resilience Index assesses the susceptibility to impact and the short-term inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from disruptions to a country's normal function.

Argentina ranks 92 out of 164 countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. Argentina is less resilient than 44% of countries assessed. This indicates that Argentina has low susceptibility to negative impacts, and is better able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.

Chile ranks 127 out of 164 countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. Chile is less resilient than 23% of countries assessed. This indicates that Chile has low susceptibility to negative impacts, and is better able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.

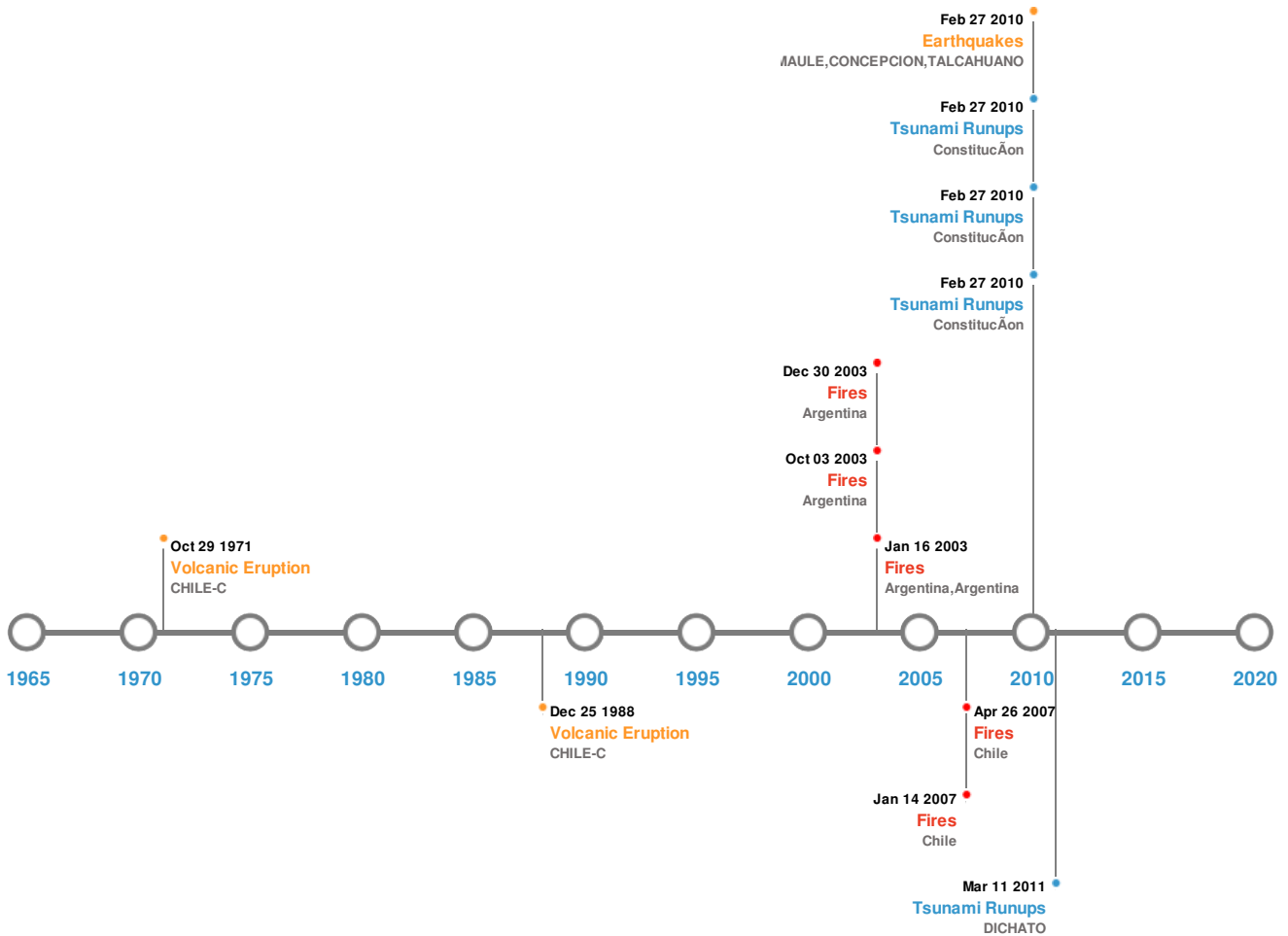


Source: [PDC](#)

Historical Hazards

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please [register here](#). Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Historical Hazards:



Earthquakes:

5 Largest Earthquakes (Resulting in significant damage or deaths)

Event	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (Km)	Location	Lat/Long
	27-Feb-2010 00:06:00	8.80	23	CHILE: MAULE, CONCEPCION, TALCAHUANO	36.12° S / 72.9° W
	25-May-1751 00:05:00	8.50	-	CHILE: CONCEPCION, CHILLAN, TALCA, TUTUBEN, CURICO	36.83° S / 71.63° W
	25-Mar-1751 00:00:00	8.50	-	CHILE: CONCEPCION	36.9° S / 73° W
	16-Dec-1575 00:18:00	8.50	-	CHILE: VALDIVIA	39.8° S / 73.2° W
	25-Jan-1939 00:03:00	8.30	60	CHILE: CHILLAN	36.25° S / 72.25° W

Source: [Earthquakes](#)

Volcanic Eruptions:

5 Largest Volcanic Eruptions (Last updated in 2000)

Event	Name	Date (UTC)	Volcanic Explosivity Index	Location	Lat/Long
	AZUL, CERRO [QUIZAPU]	10-Apr-1932 00:00:00	5.00	CHILE-C	35.65° S / 70.76° W
	PLANCHON-PETEROA	03-Dec-1762 00:00:00	4.00	CHILE-C	35.24° S / 70.57° W
	LLAIMA	01-Feb-1640 00:00:00	4.00	CHILE-C	38.7° S / 71.7° W
	LONQUIMAY	25-Dec-1988 00:00:00	3.00	CHILE-C	38.37° S / 71.58° W
	VILLARRICA	29-Oct-1971 00:00:00	3.00	CHILE-C	39.42° S / 71.95° W

Source: [Volcanoes](#)

Tsunami Runups:

5 Largest Tsunami Runups

Event	Date (UTC)	Country	Runup (m)	Deaths	Location	Lat/Long
	11-Mar-2011 00:00:00	CHILE	-	-	DICHATO	- / -
	27-Feb-2010 00:00:00	CHILE	29	-	Constituc�on	35.33° S / 72.43° W
	27-Feb-2010 00:00:00	CHILE	28	-	Constituc�on	35.33° S / 72.43° W
	27-Feb-2010 00:00:00	CHILE	26.2	-	Constituc�on	35.33° S / 72.43° W
	22-May-1960 00:00:00	CHILE	25	-	MOCHA, ISLA	38.37° S / 73.93° W

Source: [Tsunamis](#)

Wildfires:

5 Largest Wildfires

Event	Start/End Date(UTC)	Size (sq. km.)	Location	Mean Lat/Long
	13-Jan-2007 00:00:00 - 26-Apr-2007 00:00:00	24.70	Chile	37.11° S / 72.86° W
	26-Apr-2006 00:00:00 - 14-Jan-2007 00:00:00	23.60	Chile	37.11° S / 72.86° W
	01-Oct-2003 00:00:00 - 03-Oct-2003 00:00:00	21.30	Argentina	35.88° S / 68.32° W
	02-Mar-2003 00:00:00 - 30-Dec-2003 00:00:00	11.90	Argentina	35.45° S / 68.52° W
	14-Jan-2003 00:00:00 - 16-Jan-2003 00:00:00	11.70	Argentina,Argentina	36.39° S / 68.83° W

Source: [Wildfires](#)

Disclosures

* As defined by the source ([Dartmouth Flood Observatory](#), University of Colorado), Flood Magnitude = $\text{LOG}(\text{Duration} \times \text{Severity} \times \text{Affected Area})$. Severity classes are based on estimated recurrence intervals and other criteria.

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