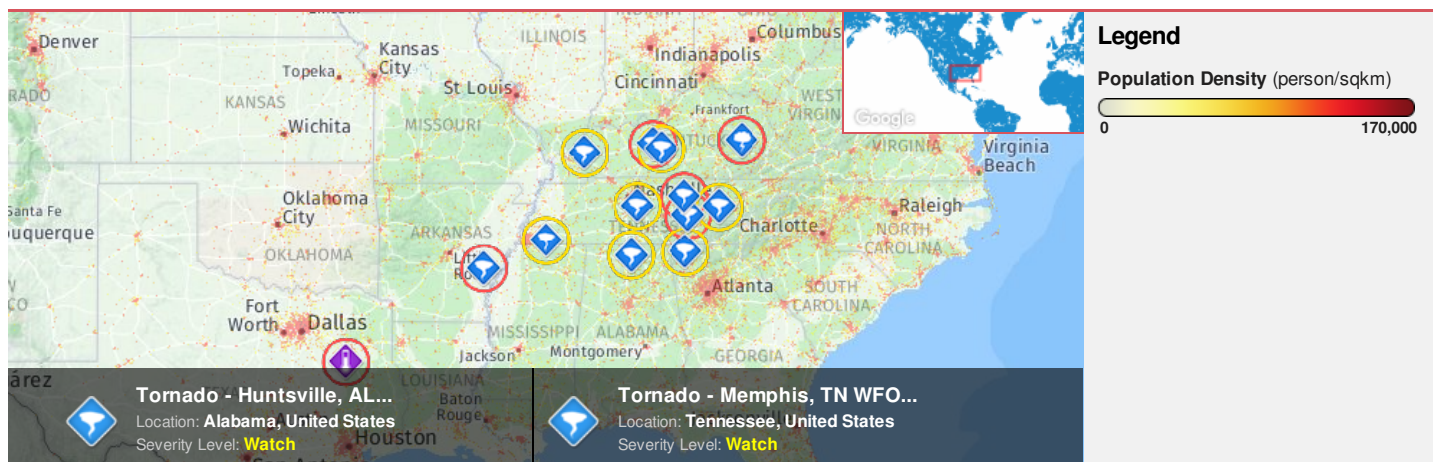




**Region Selected** » Lower Left Latitude/Longitude: 32.0806 N° , -92.3614 E°  
 Upper Right Latitude/Longitude: 38.0806 N° , -86.3614 E°



### Situational Awareness

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please [register here](#). Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

### Current Hazards:

Active Tornado					
Event	Severity	Date (UTC)	Name	Lat/Long	
		21-Jul-2018 02:57:18	Tornado - Little Rock, AR WFO Region, US	34.38° N / 91.27° W	
		20-Jul-2018 23:27:40	Tornado - Paducah, KY WFO Region, US	37.24° N / 88.18° W	
		20-Jul-2018 23:26:34	Tornado - Nashville, TN WFO Region, US	35.94° N / 86.57° W	
		20-Jul-2018 23:26:30	Tornado - Memphis, TN WFO Region, US	35.08° N / 89.36° W	
		20-Jul-2018 23:26:27	Tornado - Huntsville, AL WFO Region, US	34.71° N / 86.76° W	

Source: [PDC](#)

### Lack of Resilience Index:

The Lack of Resilience Index assesses the susceptibility to impact and the short-term inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from disruptions to a country's normal function.

**United States** ranks **149** out of **165** countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. United States is less resilient than 10% of countries assessed. This indicates that United States has low susceptibility to negative impacts, and is less able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.

United States

Russia

Nigeria



Source: [PDC](#)

## Regional Overview

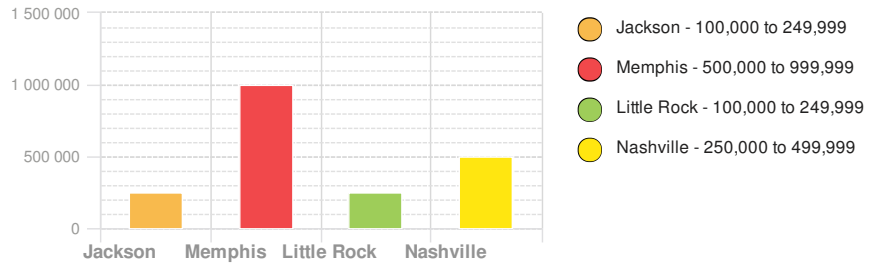
Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please [register here](#). Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

### Population Data:

**2011**

**Total: 11,162,238**  
**Max Density: 19,205 (ppl/km<sup>2</sup>)**

### Populated Areas:



Source: [iSciences](#)

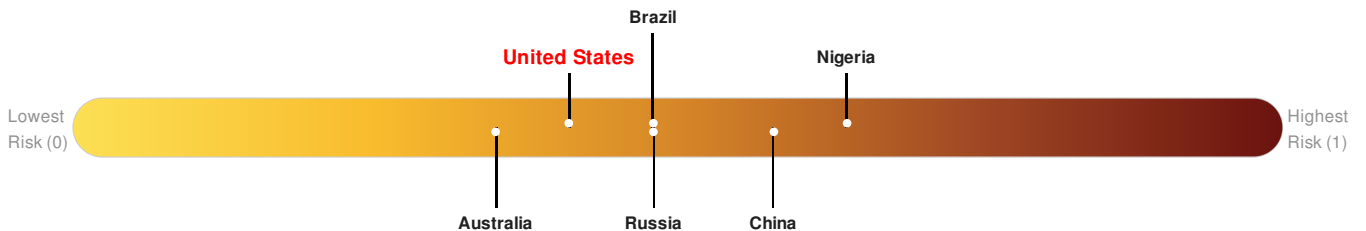
## Risk & Vulnerability

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please [register here](#). Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

### Multi Hazard Risk Index:

The Multi Hazard Risk index assesses the likelihood of losses or disruptions to a country's normal function due to the interaction between exposure to multiple hazards (tropical cyclone winds, earthquake, flood and tsunamis), socioeconomic vulnerability, and coping capacity

Multi-Hazard Exposure **United States** ranks **121** out of **165** countries assessed for Multi Hazard Risk. United States has a Multi Hazard Risk higher than 27% of countries assessed. This indicates that United States has less likelihood of loss and/or disruption to normal function if exposed to a hazard.

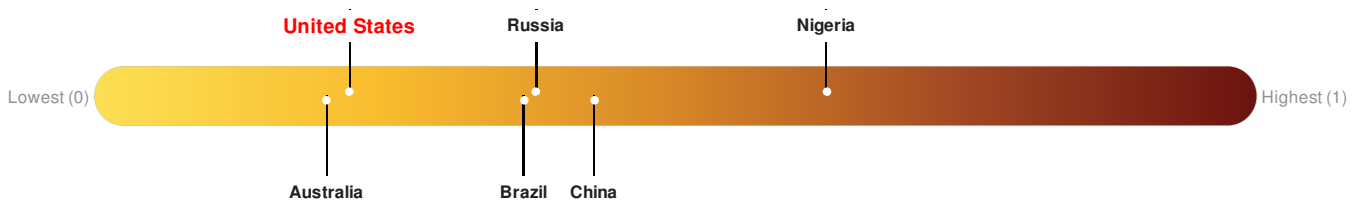


Source: [PDC](#)

### Lack of Resilience Index:

The Lack of Resilience Index assesses the susceptibility to impact and the short-term inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from disruptions to a country's normal function.

**United States** ranks **149** out of **165** countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. United States is less resilient than 10% of countries assessed. This indicates that United States has low susceptibility to negative impacts, and is less able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.

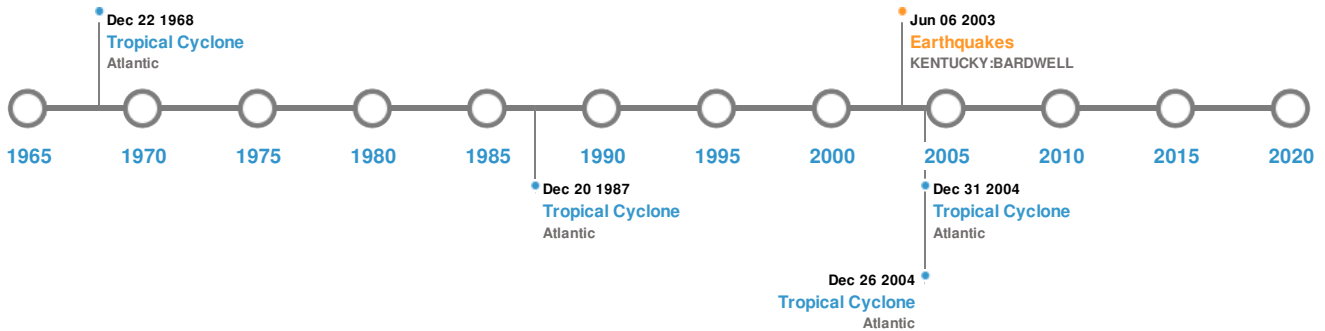


Source: [PDC](#)

## Historical Hazards

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please [register here](#). Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

### Historical Hazards:



### Earthquakes:


#### 5 Largest Earthquakes (Resulting in significant damage or deaths)





Event	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (Km)	Location	Lat/Long
	07-Feb-1812 00:09:00	8.80	-	MISSOURI: NEW MADRID	36.5° N / 89.6° W
	16-Dec-1811 00:08:00	8.50	-	ARKANSAS: NORTHEAST (NEW MADRID EARTHQUAKES)	35.6° N / 90.4° W
	23-Jan-1812 00:15:00	8.40	-	MISSOURI: NEW MADRID	36.3° N / 89.6° W
	16-Dec-1811 00:14:00	8.00	-	ARKANSAS: NORTHEAST (NEW MADRID EARTHQUAKES)	35.6° N / 90.4° W
	06-Jun-2003 00:12:00	4.00	3	KENTUCKY: BARDWELL	36.87° N / 88.98° W

Source: [Earthquakes](#)

### Tropical Cyclones:

#### 5 Largest Tropical Cyclones

Event	Name	Start/End Date(UTC)	Max Wind Speed (mph)	Min Pressure (mb)	Location	Lat/Long
	CAMILLE	15-Aug-1969 00:00:00 - 22-Aug-1969 12:00:00	190	No Data	Atlantic	30.72° N / 72.05° W
		09-Sep-1988 00:00:00 - 20-Sep-1988				

 Event	GILBERT Name	00:00:00 Start/End Date(UTC)	<sup>184</sup> Max Wind Speed (mph)	<sup>888</sup> Min Pressure (mb)	Atlantic Location	27.24° N / 78.85° W Lat/Long
	RITA	18-Sep-2005 06:00:00 - 26-Sep-2005 06:00:00	178	897	Atlantic	29.91° N / 82° W
	CARLA	03-Sep-1961 18:00:00 - 16-Sep-1961 00:00:00	173	No Data	Atlantic	35.84° N / 81.2° W
	KATRINA	24-Aug-2005 00:00:00 - 31-Aug-2005 06:00:00	173	902	Atlantic	31.11° N / 82.35° W

Source: [Tropical Cyclones](#)

## Disclosures

\* As defined by the source ([Dartmouth Flood Observatory](#), University of Colorado), Flood Magnitude = LOG(Duration x Severity x Affected Area). Severity classes are based on estimated recurrence intervals and other criteria.

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