Ŕ	Pacific Disaster Center	HONOLULU	WASH.D.C.	argentina/san	ZULU	NAIROBI	BANGKOK
	Area Brief: General	06:15:02	12:15:02	juan	16:15:02	19:15:02	23:15:02
	Executive Summary	26 Sep 2017	26 Sep 2017	13:15:02	26 Sep 2017	26 Sep 2017	26 Sep 2017
				26 Sep 2017			

Region Selected » Lower Left Latitude/Longitude: -33.7535 N°, -71.9096 E° Upper Right Latitude/Longitude: -27.7535 N°, -65.9096 E°



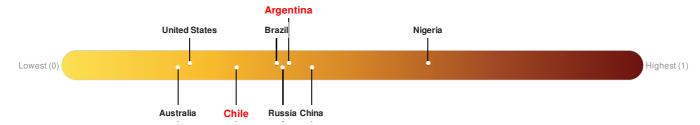
Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Current Hazards:

Recent Earthquakes							
Event	Severity	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (km)	Location	Lat/Long	
	0	23-Sep-2017 17:45:20	5	117.2	58km SSW of San Jose de Jachal, Argentina	30.75° S/68.91° W	
Source: <u>PDC</u>							

Lack of Resilience Index:

Lack of Resilience represents the combination of susceptibility to impact and the relative inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from negative impacts that do occur over the short term. Argentina ranks 92 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.39. Chile ranks 127 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.39.



Argentina ranks 92 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Environmental Capacity, Governance and Marginalization.

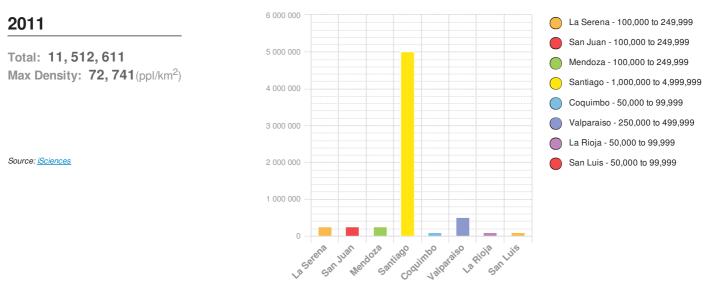
Chile ranks 127 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Recent Disaster Impacts, Infrastructure and Marginalization. *Source: PDC*

Regional Overview

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Population Data:

Populated Areas:



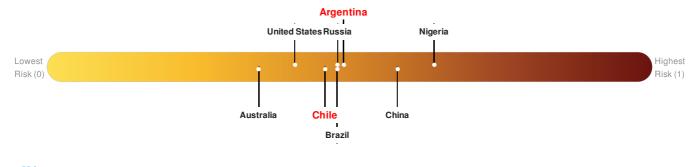
Risk & Vulnerability

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Multi Hazard Risk Index:

Argentina ranks 81 out of 165 on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.49. Argentina is estimated to have relatively high overall exposure, low vulnerability, and medium coping capacity.

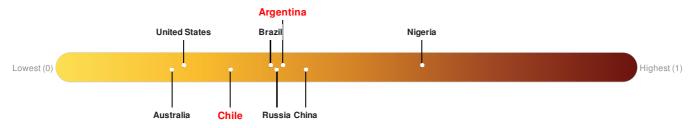
Chile ranks 103 out of 165 on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.46. Chile is estimated to have relatively high overall exposure, low vulnerability, and high coping capacity.



Source: <u>PDC</u>

Lack of Resilience Index:

Lack of Resilience represents the combination of susceptibility to impact and the relative inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from negative impacts that do occur over the short term. Argentina ranks 92 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.39. Chile ranks 127 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.39.

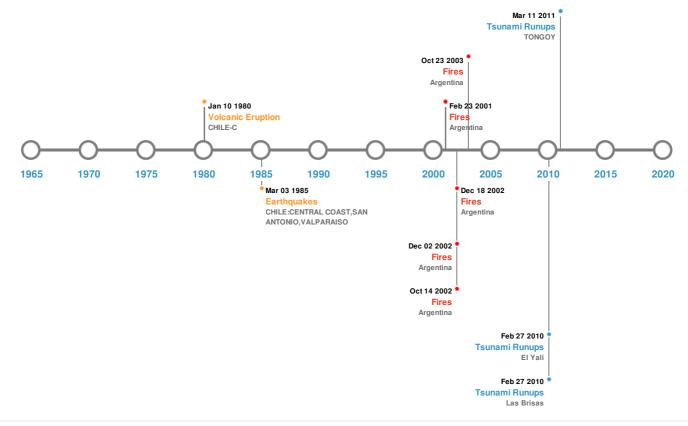


Argentina ranks 92 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Environmental Capacity, Governance and Marginalization.

Chile ranks 127 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Recent Disaster Impacts, Infrastructure and Marginalization.

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Historical Hazards:



Earthquakes:

5 Largest Earthquakes (Resulting in significant damage or deaths)							
Event	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (Km)	Location	Lat/Long		
	08-Jul-1730 00:08:00	8.70		CHILE: VALPARAISO	32.5° S/71.5° W		
	11-Nov-1922 00:04:00	8.50	25	CHILE: ATACAMA	28.5° S/70° W		
	20-Nov-1822 00:02:00	8.50	-	CHILE: VALPARAISO, QUILLOTA, CONCON, ACONCAGUA	33° S/71.63° W		
	14-May-1647 00:02:00	8.50	-	CHILE: SANTIAGO	33.4° S/70.6° W		
	03-Mar-1985 00:22:00	7.80	33	CHILE: CENTRAL COAST, SAN ANTONIO, VALPARAISO	33.13° S/71.87° W		

Source: Earthquakes

Volcanic Eruptions:

5 Largest Volcanic Eruptions (Last updated in 2000)						
Event	Name	Date (UTC)	Volcanic Explosivity Index	Location	Lat/Long	
٨	TUPUNGATITO	01-Jan-1929 00:00:00	3.00	CHILE-C	33.4° S / 69.8° W	

Event	Name	Date (UTC)	Volcanic Explosivity Index	Location	Lat/Long
\diamond	TUPUNGATITO	10-Jan-1980 00:00:00	2.00	CHILE-C	33.4° S/69.8° W
٩	TUPUNGATITO	03-Aug-1964 00:00:00	2.00	CHILE-C	33.4° S/69.8° W
٩	TUPUNGATITO	05-May-1961 00:00:00	2.00	CHILE-C	33.4° S/69.8° W
٩	TUPUNGATITO	15-Jul-1960 00:00:00	2.00	CHILE-C	33.4° S/69.8° W

Source: Volcanoes

Tsunami Runups:

5 Largest Tsunami Runups						
Event	Date (UTC)	Country	Runup (m)	Deaths	Location	Lat/Long
	11-Mar-2011 00:00:00	CHILE	-	-	TONGOY	- / -
	13-Aug-1868 00:42:00	CHILE	7.5	-	COQUIMBO	29.93° S/71.35° W
	11-Nov-1922 00:00:00	CHILE	7	200	COQUIMBO	29.93° S/71.35° W
	27-Feb-2010 00:00:00	CHILE	5.53	-	Las Brisas	33.71° S/71.66° W
	27-Feb-2010 00:00:00	CHILE	5.2	-	El Yali	33.75° S/71.71° W

Source: <u>Tsunamis</u>

Wildfires:

5 Largest Wildfires							
Event	Start/End Date(UTC)	Size (sq. km.)	Location	Mean Lat/Long			
	17-Jun-2002 00:00:00 - 02-Dec-2002 00:00:00	80.00	Argentina	33.9° S / 66.59° W			
	09-Feb-2001 00:00:00 - 23-Feb-2001 00:00:00	45.50	Argentina	33.74° S/66.4° W			
	04-Aug-2003 00:00:00 - 18-Aug-2003 00:00:00	22.30	Argentina	29.24° S/66.9° W			
	11-Oct-2002 00:00:00 - 14-Oct-2002 00:00:00	21.60	Argentina	28.65° S/66.2° W			
(02-Oct-2003 00:00:00 - 23-Oct-2003 00:00:00	19.90	Argentina	32.87° S/66.45° W			

Source: Wildfires

Disclosures

* As defined by the source (Dartmouth Flood Observatory, University of Colorado), Flood Magnitude = LOG(Duration x Severity x Affected Area). Severity classes are based on estimated recurrence intervals and other criteria.

The information and data contained in this product are for reference only. Pacific Disaster Center (PDC) does not guarantee the accuracy of this data. Refer to original sources for any legal restrictions. Please refer to PDC Terms of Use for PDC generated information and products. The names, boundaries, colors, denominations and any other information shown on the associated maps do not imply, on the part of PDC, any judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries.