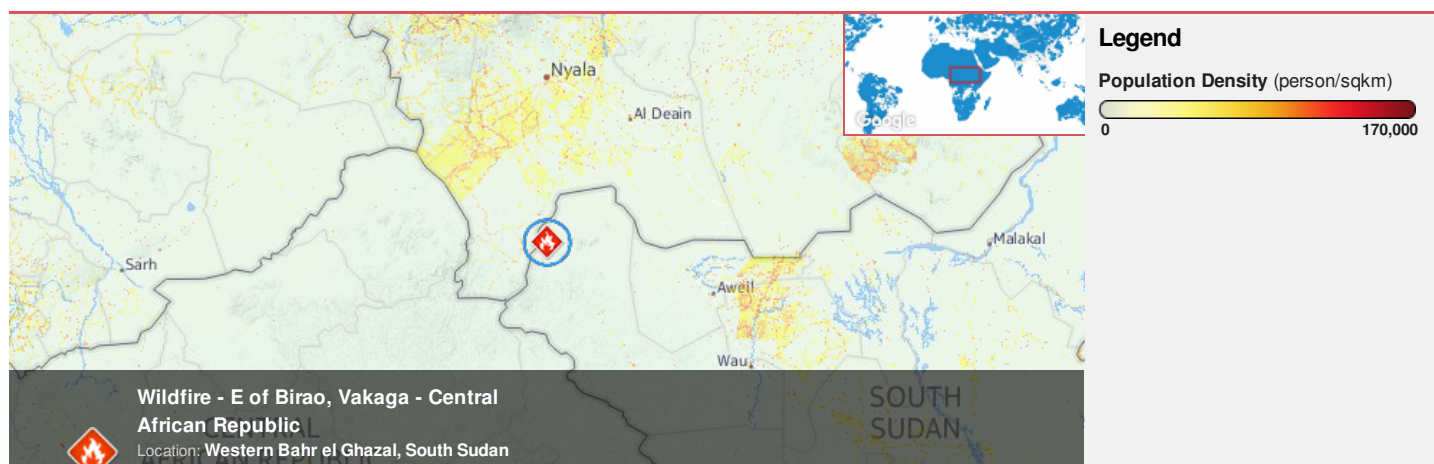




Region Selected » Lower Left Latitude/Longitude: 6.56881616000001 N°, 21.86844118 E°
 Upper Right Latitude/Longitude: 12.56881616 N°, 27.86844118 E°



Situational Awareness

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please [register here](#). Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Current Hazards:

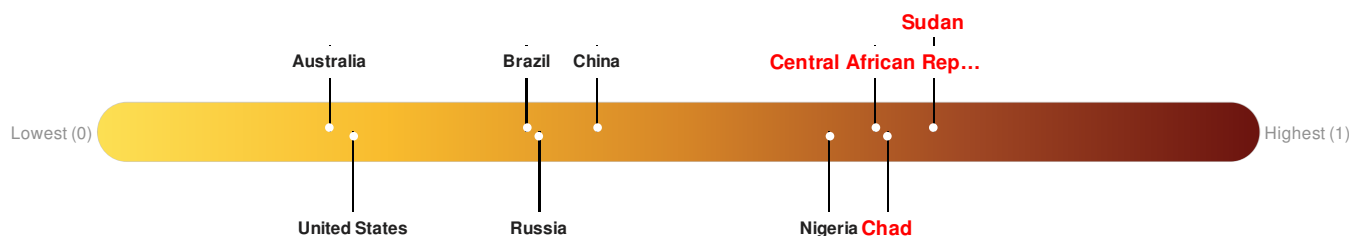
Active Wild Fire

Event	Severity	Date (UTC)	Name	Lat/Long
		21-Oct-2016 03:49:55	Wildfire - E of Birao, Vakaga - Central African Republic	9.57° N / 24.87° E

Source: [PDC](#)

Lack of Resilience Index:

Lack of Resilience represents the combination of susceptibility to impact and the relative inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from negative impacts that do occur over the short term. **Central African Republic** ranks 5 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.67. **Chad** ranks 3 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.68. There was insufficient data to determine the Lack of Resilience Index score for **South Sudan**. **Sudan** ranks 2 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.72. There was insufficient data to determine the Lack of Resilience Index score for **Disputed Area of the Sudan**.



Central African Republic ranks 5 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Conflict Impacts, Infrastructure and Info Access Vulnerability.

Chad ranks 3 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Clean Water Vulnerability, Conflict Impacts and Info Access Vulnerability.

There was insufficient data to determine the Lack of Resilience Index score for **South Sudan**.

Sudan ranks 2 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Conflict Impacts, Environmental Capacity and Clean Water Vulnerability.

There was insufficient data to determine the Lack of Resilience Index score for **Disputed Area of the Sudan**.

Regional Overview

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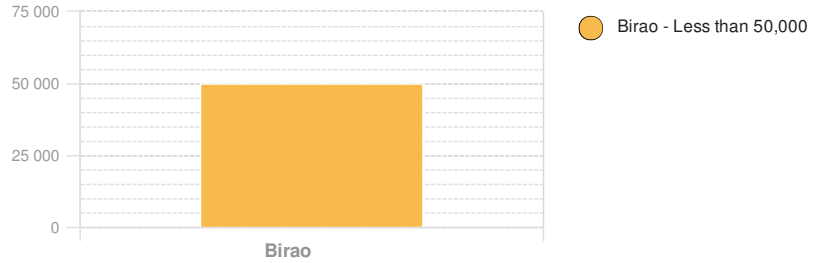
Population Data:

2011

Total: 4,834,416

Max Density: 28,493 (ppl/km²)

Populated Areas:



Source: [iSciences](#)

Risk & Vulnerability

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please [register here](#). Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Multi Hazard Risk Index:

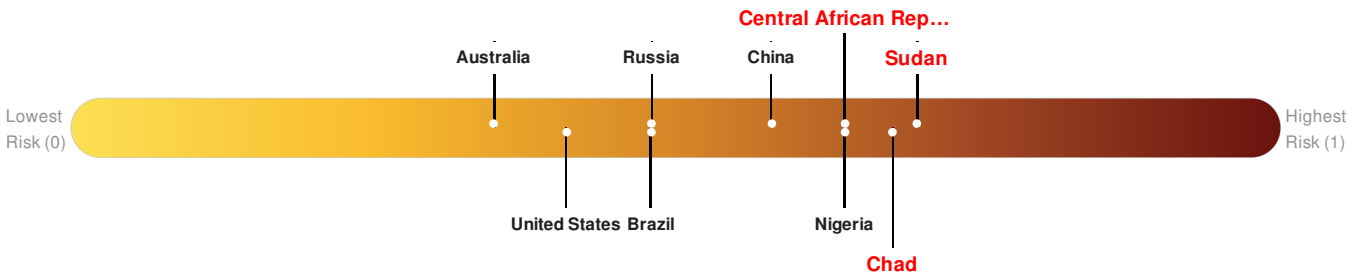
Central African Republic ranks **12** out of **165** on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.64. Central African Republic is estimated to have relatively medium overall exposure, medium vulnerability, and low coping capacity.

Chad ranks **4** out of **165** on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.68. Chad is estimated to have relatively high overall exposure, high vulnerability, and low coping capacity.

There was insufficient data to determine the Multi Hazard Risk Index score for **Disputed Area of the Sudan**.

There was insufficient data to determine the Multi Hazard Risk Index score for **South Sudan**.

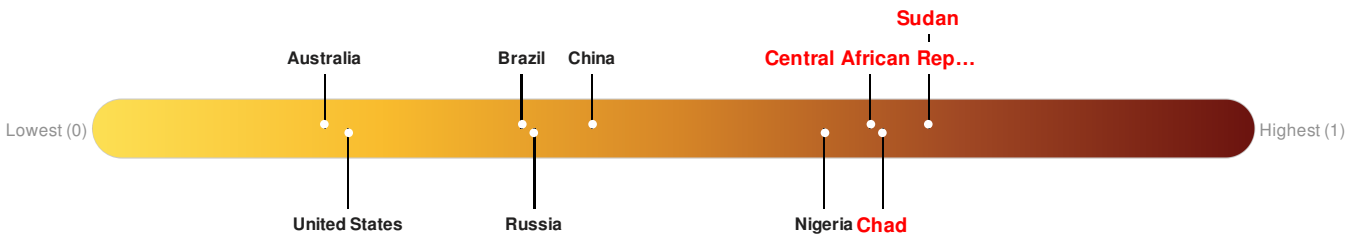
Sudan ranks **2** out of **165** on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.7. Sudan is estimated to have relatively high overall exposure, high vulnerability, and low coping capacity.



Source: [PDC](#)

Lack of Resilience Index:

Lack of Resilience represents the combination of susceptibility to impact and the relative inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from negative impacts that do occur over the short term. **Central African Republic** ranks **5** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.67. **Chad** ranks **3** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.68. There was insufficient data to determine the Lack of Resilience Index score for **South Sudan**. **Sudan** ranks **2** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.72. There was insufficient data to determine the Lack of Resilience Index score for **Disputed Area of the Sudan**.



Central African Republic ranks **5** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Conflict Impacts, Infrastructure and Info Access Vulnerability.

Chad ranks **3** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Clean Water Vulnerability, Conflict Impacts and Info Access Vulnerability.

There was insufficient data to determine the Lack of Resilience Index score for **South Sudan**.

Sudan ranks **2** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Conflict Impacts, Environmental Capacity and Clean Water Vulnerability.

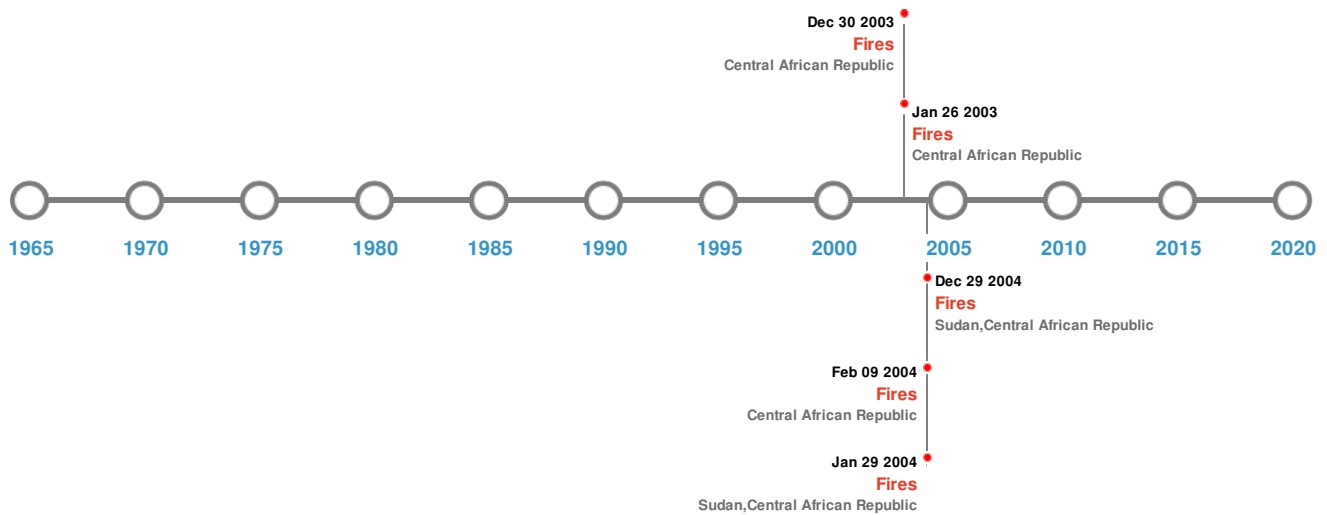
There was insufficient data to determine the Lack of Resilience Index score for **Disputed Area of the Sudan**.

Source: [PDC](#)

Historical Hazards

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Historical Hazards:



Wildfires:

5 Largest Wildfires

Event	Start/End Date(UTC)	Size (sq. km.)	Location	Mean Lat/Long
	01-Jan-2003 00:00:00 - 30-Jan-2004 00:00:00	248.50	Sudan, Central African Republic	6.68° N / 26.61° E
	04-Jan-2004 00:00:00 - 30-Dec-2004 00:00:00	198.60	Sudan, Central African Republic	6.59° N / 26.59° E
	02-Jan-2003 00:00:00 - 08-Jan-2004 00:00:00	194.70	Central African Republic	6.76° N / 25.52° E
	28-Jan-2004 00:00:00 - 10-Feb-2004 00:00:00	176.20	Central African Republic	6.55° N / 23.82° E
	07-Jan-2002 00:00:00 - 27-Jan-2003 00:00:00	167.30	Central African Republic	6.42° N / 24.29° E

Source: [Wildfires](#)

Disclosures

* As defined by the source ([Dartmouth Flood Observatory](#), University of Colorado), Flood Magnitude = LOG(Duration x Severity x Affected Area). Severity classes are based on estimated recurrence intervals and other criteria.

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