HONOLULU 00:25:07 24 Feb 2018 WASH.D.C. 05:25:07 24 Feb 2018 ZULU 10:25:07 24 Feb 2018 NAIROBI 13:25:07 24 Feb 2018 BANGKOK 17:25:07 24 Feb 2018 KUALA LUMPUR 18:25:07 24 Feb 2018

Region Selected » Lower Left Latitude/Longitude: -0.9156 N°, 95.8216 E° Upper Right Latitude/Longitude: 5.084400000000005 N°, 101.8216 E°



Situational Awareness

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Current Hazards:

Recent Earthquakes								
Event	Severity	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (km)	Location	Lat/Long		
	0	24-Feb-2018 10:24:42	5	10.59	22km ESE of Onan Ganjang, Indonesia	2.08° N/98.82° E		

Active Volcanoes									
Event	Severity	Last Updated (UTC)	Name	Region	Primary Observatory	Activity	More Information	Lat/Long	
	0	02-Sep-2010 00:08:31	Volcano - Sinabung, Indonesia	-	-	-	-	3.17° N / 98.4° E	

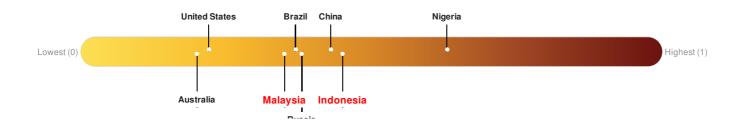
Source: PDC

Lack of Resilience Index:

The Lack of Resilience Index assesses the susceptibility to impact and the short-term inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from disruptions to a country's normal function.

Indonesia ranks 71 out of 165 countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. Indonesia is less resilient than 57% of countries assessed. This indicates that Indonesia has medium susceptibility to negative impacts, and is more able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.

Malaysia ranks 111 out of 165 countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. Malaysia is less resilient than 33% of countries assessed. This indicates that Malaysia has low susceptibility to negative impacts, and is less able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.



Regional Overview

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Population Data:

2011

Total: 29, 933, 228

Max Density: 79, 615(ppl/km²)

Populated Areas:



Source: iSciences

Risk & Vulnerability

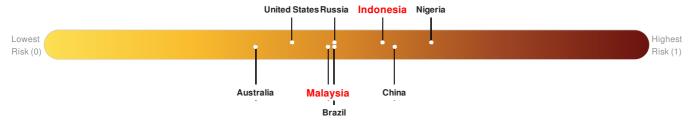
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Multi Hazard Risk Index:

The Multi Hazard Risk index assesses the likelihood of losses or disruptions to a country's normal function due to the interaction between exposure to multiple hazards (tropical cyclone winds, earthquake, flood and tsunami), socioeconomic vulnerability, and coping capacity

Multi-Hazard Exposure Indonesia ranks 40 out of 165 countries assessed for Multi Hazard Risk. Indonesia has a Multi Hazard Risk higher than 76% of countries assessed. This indicates that Indonesia has more likelihood of loss and/or disruption to normal function if exposed to a hazard.

Multi-Hazard Exposure Malaysia ranks 97 out of 165 countries assessed for Multi Hazard Risk. Malaysia has a Multi Hazard Risk higher than 42% of countries assessed. This indicates that Malaysia has less likelihood of loss and/or disruption to normal function if exposed to a hazard.



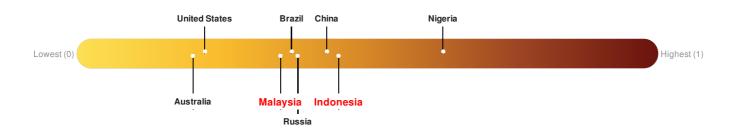
Source: PDC

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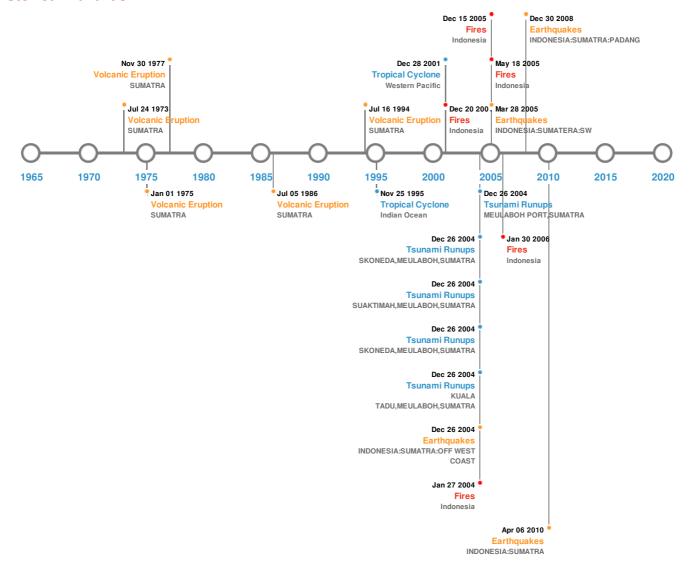


Source: PDC

Historical Hazards

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Historical Hazards:



Earthquakes:

5 Largest Earthquakes (Resulting in significant damage or deaths)								
Event	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (Km)	Location	Lat/Long			
*	26-Dec-2004 00:00:00	9.00	30	INDONESIA: SUMATRA: OFF WEST COAST	3.3° N / 95.98° E			
*	28-Mar-2005 00:16:00	8.70	30	INDONESIA: SUMATERA: SW	2.08° N/97.11° E			
*	28-Dec-1935 00:02:00	7.90	33	INDONESIA: N SUMATERA: BATU I,PADANG,SIBOLGA	0° / 98.25° E			
*	06-Apr-2010 00:22:00	7.80	31	INDONESIA: SUMATRA	2.38° N/97.05° E			
*	30-Sep-2009 00:10:00	7.50	81	INDONESIA: SUMATRA: PADANG	0.72° S/99.87° E			

Source: Earthquakes

Volcanic Eruptions:

5 Largest Volcanic Eruptions (Last updated in 2000)							
Event	Name	Date (UTC)	Volcanic Explosivity Index	Location	Lat/Long		
	MARAPI	16-Jul-1994 00:00:00	2.00	SUMATRA	0.38° S / 100.47° E		
	SORIKMARAPI	05-Jul-1986 00:00:00	2.00	SUMATRA	0.69° N / 99.54° E		
	MARAPI	08-Sep-1978 00:00:00	2.00	SUMATRA	0.38° S/100.47° E		
	MARAPI	01-Jan-1975 00:00:00	2.00	SUMATRA	0.38° S/100.47° E		
	MARAPI	24-Jul-1973 00:00:00	2.00	SUMATRA	0.38° S/100.47° E		

Source: Volcanoes

Tsunami Runups:

5 Largest Tsunami Runups							
Event	Date (UTC)	Country	Runup (m)	Deaths	Location	Lat/Long	
\$	26-Dec-2004 00:00:00	INDONESIA	15	-	KUALA TADU, MEULABOH, SUMATRA	3.97° N / 96.31° E	
\$	26-Dec-2004 00:00:00	INDONESIA	15	-	SKONEDA, MEULABOH, SUMATRA	4.21° N / 96.04° E	
\$	26-Dec-2004 00:00:00	INDONESIA	15	-	SUAKTIMAH, MEULABOH, SUMATRA	4.21° N / 96.06° E	
\$	26-Dec-2004 00:00:00	INDONESIA	15	-	SKONEDA, MEULABOH, SUMATRA	4.21° N / 96.04° E	
\$	26-Dec-2004 00:00:00	INDONESIA	15	-	MEULABOH PORT, SUMATRA	4.13° N / 96.13° E	

Source: <u>Tsunamis</u>

Wildfires:

5 Largest Wildfires							
Event	Start/End Date(UTC)	Size (sq. km.)	Location	Mean Lat/Long			
*	28-Jan-2006 00:00:00 - 15-Aug-2006 00:00:00	82.80	Indonesia	2.14° N / 100.41° E			
♦	07-Jan-2002 00:00:00 - 20-Aug-2002 00:00:00	69.50	Indonesia	1.58° N / 101.67° E			
*	10-May-2005 00:00:00 - 30-Jan-2006 00:00:00	69.00	Indonesia	2.13° N / 100.39° E			
*	11-Jan-2005 00:00:00 - 18-May-2005 00:00:00	63.60	Indonesia	1.54° N / 101.66° E			

Source: Wildfires

Tropical Cyclones:

5 Largest Tropical Cyclones							
Event	Name	Start/End Date(UTC)	Max Wind Speed (mph)	Min Pressure (mb)	Location	Lat/Long	
	1995-11- 18	19-Nov-1995 00:00:00 - 25-Nov-1995 12:00:00	121	No Data	Indian Ocean	13.44° N / 91.05° E	
	VAMEI	27-Dec-2001 12:00:00 - 28-Dec-2001 12:00:00	52	No Data	Western Pacific	1.3° N / 102.5° E	

Source: Tropical Cyclones

Disclosures

* As defined by the source (<u>Dartmouth Flood Observatory</u>, University of Colorado), Flood Magnitude = LOG(Duration x Severity x Affected Area). Severity classes are based on estimated recurrence intervals and other criteria.

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