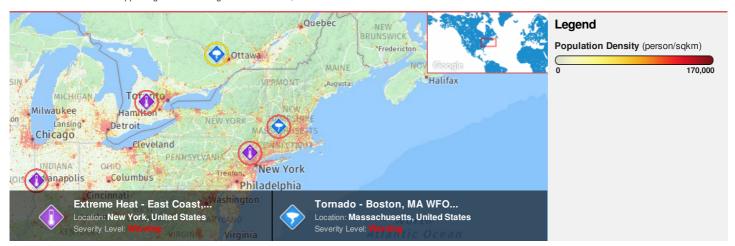


HONOLULU 13:00:39 18 Jun 2018 WASH.D.C. 19:00:39 18 Jun 2018 ZULU 23:00:39 18 Jun 2018 NAIROBI 02:00:39 19 Jun 2018 BANGKOK 06:00:39 19 Jun 2018 SYDNEY 09:00:39 19 Jun 2018

Region Selected » Lower Left Latitude/Longitude: 39.4633 N°, -75.6311 E° Upper Right Latitude/Longitude: 45.4633 N°, -69.6311 E°



Situational Awareness

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Current Hazards:

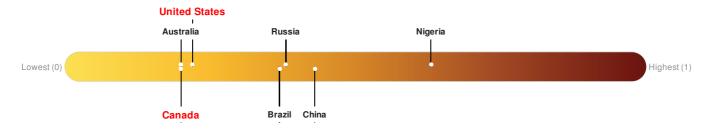
Active Extreme Temperature						
Event	Severity	Date (UTC)	Name	Lat/Long		
(0	18-Jun-2018 21:27:54	Extreme Heat - East Coast, United States	41.26° N / 74.39° W		
Active Tornado						
Event	Severity	Date (UTC)	Name	Lat/Long		
	0	18-Jun-2018 21:37:25	Tornado - Boston, MA WFO Region, US	42.46° N / 72.63° W		
Source: <u>PDC</u>						

Lack of Resilience Index:

The Lack of Resilience Index assesses the susceptibility to impact and the short-term inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from disruptions to a country's normal function.

Canada ranks 154 out of 165 countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. Canada is less resilient than 7% of countries assessed. This indicates that Canada has very low susceptibility to negative impacts, and is less able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.

United States ranks 149 out of 165 countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. United States is less resilient than 10% of countries assessed. This indicates that United States has low susceptibility to negative impacts, and is less able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.



Regional Overview

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Population Data:

2011

Total: 43, 961, 288

Max Density: 117, 879 (ppl/km²)

Source: iSciences

Populated Areas:



Risk & Vulnerability

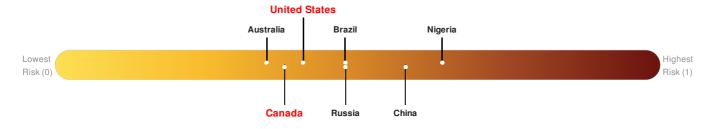
Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Multi Hazard Risk Index:

The Multi Hazard Risk index assesses the likelihood of losses or disruptions to a country's normal function due to the interaction between exposure to multiple hazards (tropical cyclone winds, earthquake, flood and tsunami), socioeconomic vulnerability, and coping capacity

Multi-Hazard Exposure Canada ranks 132 out of 165 countries assessed for Multi Hazard Risk. Canada has a Multi Hazard Risk higher than 20% of countries assessed. This indicates that Canada has less likelihood of loss and/or disruption to normal function if exposed to a hazard.

Multi-Hazard Exposure **United States** ranks **121** out of **165** countries assessed for Multi Hazard Risk. United States has a Multi Hazard Risk higher than 27% of countries assessed. This indicates that United States has less likelihood of loss and/or disruption to normal function if exposed to a hazard.



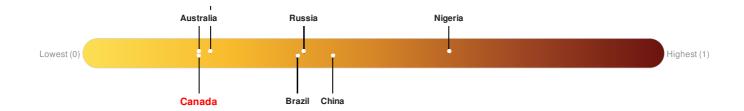
Source: PDC

Lack of Resilience Index:

The Lack of Resilience Index assesses the susceptibility to impact and the short-term inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from disruptions to a country's normal function.

Canada ranks 154 out of 165 countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. Canada is less resilient than 7% of countries assessed. This indicates that Canada has very low susceptibility to negative impacts, and is less able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.

United States ranks 149 out of 165 countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. United States is less resilient than 10% of countries assessed. This indicates that United States has low susceptibility to negative impacts, and is less able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.

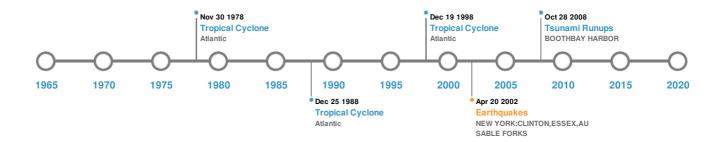


Source: PDC

Historical Hazards

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Historical Hazards:



Earthquakes:

5 Largest Earthquakes (Resulting in significant damage or deaths)								
Event	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (Km)	Location	Lat/Long			
*	18-Nov-1755 00:09:00	7.00	-	MASSACHUSETTS: EAST OF CAPE ANN	42.7° N / 70.3° W			
	05-Sep-1944 00:04:00	5.60	12	NEW YORK: MASSENA	44.96° N / 74.72° W			
*	10-Aug-1884 00:19:00	5.50	-	NEW YORK: ROCKAWAY BEACH, NEAR NEW YORK CITY	40.6° N / 73.75° W			
*	20-Apr-2002 00:10:00	5.20	11	NEW YORK: CLINTON, ESSEX, AU SABLE FORKS	44.51° N / 73.7° W			
*	11-Nov-1840 00:00:00	5.20	-	PENNSYLVANIA: PHILADELPHIA	39.8° N / 75.2° W			

Source: Earthquakes

Tsunami Runups:

5 Largest Tsunami Runups							
Event	Date (UTC)	Country	Runup (m)	Deaths	Location	Lat/Long	
\$	10-Nov-1932 00:00:00	USA	5.4	-	WILLETTS POINT, NEW YORK	40.68° N / 73.28° W	
	08-Aug-1924 00:00:00	USA	4.6	-	CONEY ISLAND, NY	40.57° N / 73.98° W	

Event	Date (UTC)	Country	Runup (m)	Deaths	Location	Lat/Long
♦	28-Oct-2008 00:00:00	USA	3.6	-	BOOTHBAY HARBOR	43.83° N / 69.63° W
\$	21-Dec-1884 00:00:00	USA	2.4	-	NEW HAVEN HARBOR, CT	41.27° N / 72.92° W
\$	10-Aug-1884 00:00:00	USA	1.8	-	GLOUCESTER CITY, NJ	39.88° N / 75.12° W

Source: <u>Tsunamis</u>

Tropical Cyclones:

5 Largest Tropical Cyclones							
Event	Name	Start/End Date(UTC)	Max Wind Speed (mph)	Min Pressure (mb)	Location	Lat/Long	
	DAVID	25-Aug-1979 18:00:00 - 08-Sep-1979 00:00:00	173	924	Atlantic	31.61° N / 58.65° W	
	DONNA	30-Aug-1960 00:00:00 - 14-Sep-1960 00:00:00	161	No Data	Atlantic	32.63° N / 51.7° W	
	HUGO	10-Sep-1989 18:00:00 - 25-Sep-1989 12:00:00	161	918	Atlantic	34.83° N / 50.9° W	
	FLOYD	08-Sep-1999 00:00:00 - 19-Sep-1999 12:00:00	155	921	Atlantic	31.6° N / 62.35° W	
	UNNAMED	21-Aug-1949 12:00:00 - 05-Nov-1949 00:00:00	150	No Data	Atlantic	35.8° N / 61.95° W	

Source: <u>Tropical Cyclones</u>

Disclosures

* As defined by the source (<u>Dartmouth Flood Observatory</u>, University of Colorado), Flood Magnitude = LOG(Duration x Severity x Affected Area). Severity classes are based on estimated recurrence intervals and other criteria.

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