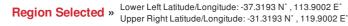
Pacific Disaster Center	HONOLULU	WASH.D.C.	ZULU	NAIROBI	BANGKOK	PERTH
Area Brief: General	19:21:27	01:21:27	05:21:27	08:21:27	12:21:27	13:21:27
Executive Summary	15 Sep 2018	16 Sep 2018	16 Sep 2018	16 Sep 2018	16 Sep 2018	16 Sep 2018





Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

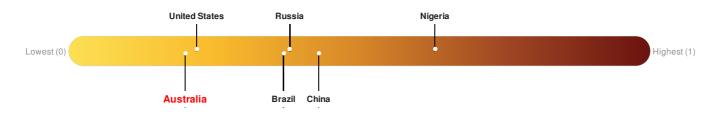
Current Hazards:

Recent Earthquakes								
Event	Severity	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (km)	Location	Lat/Long		
	0	16-Sep-2018 05:11:31	5.3	10	58km SSW of Kojonup, Australia	34.32° S / 116.9° E		
Source: <u>PDC</u>								

Lack of Resilience Index:

The Lack of Resilience Index assesses the susceptibility to impact and the short-term inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from disruptions to a country's normal function.

Australia ranks 154 out of 165 countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. Australia is less resilient than 7% of countries assessed. This indicates that Australia has very low susceptibility to negative impacts, and is less able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.



Source: PDC



Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Population Data:

Populated Areas:

2011

Total: 1, 752, 253 Max Density: 6, 698(ppl/km²)



Perth - 1,000,000 to 4,999,999
Fremantle - Less than 50,000

Source: <u>iSciences</u>

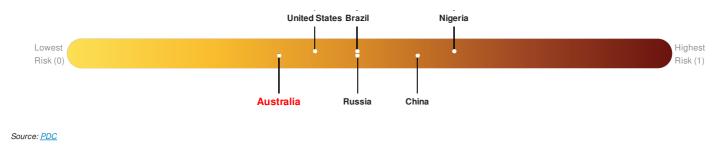
Risk & Vulnerability

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Multi Hazard Risk Index:

The Multi Hazard Risk index assesses the likelihood of losses or disruptions to a country's normal function due to the interaction between exposure to multiple hazards (tropical cyclone winds, earthquake, flood and tsunami), socioeconomic vulnerability, and coping capacity

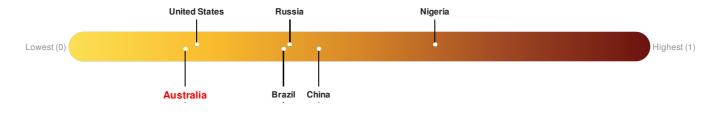
Multi-Hazard Exposure Australia ranks 142 out of 165 countries assessed for Multi Hazard Risk. Australia has a Multi Hazard Risk higher than 14% of countries assessed. This indicates that Australia has less likelihood of loss and/or disruption to normal function if exposed to a hazard.



Lack of Resilience Index:

The Lack of Resilience Index assesses the susceptibility to impact and the short-term inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from disruptions to a country's normal function.

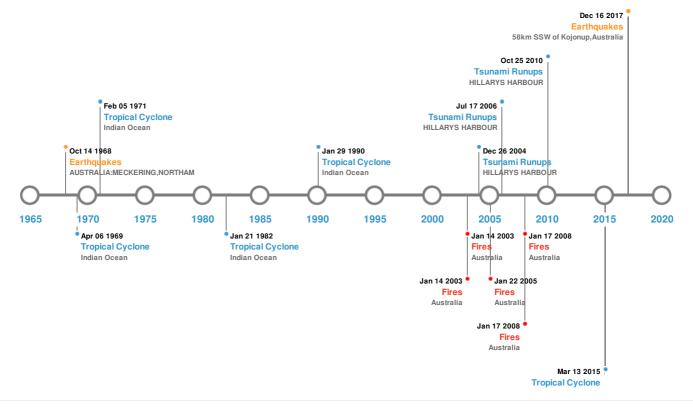
Australia ranks 154 out of 165 countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. Australia is less resilient than 7% of countries assessed. This indicates that Australia has very low susceptibility to negative impacts, and is less able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.



Source: PDC

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Historical Hazards:



Earthquakes:

5 Largest Earthquakes (Resulting in significant damage or deaths)								
Event	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (Km)	Location	Lat/Long			
	14-Oct-1968 00:02:00	6.90	5	AUSTRALIA: MECKERING, NORTHAM, CUNDERDIN, YORK	31.6° S/117° E			
	16-Sep-2018 04:56:25	5.30	10	58km SSW of Kojonup, Australia	34.32° S/116.9° E			

Source: Earthquakes

Tsunami Runups:

5 Largest Tsunami Runups							
Event	Date (UTC)	Country	Runup (m)	Deaths	Location	Lat/Long	
	26-Dec-2004 07:28:00	AUSTRALIA	0.9	-	HILLARYS HARBOUR	31.82° S/115.73° E	
	27-Aug-1883 00:00:00	AUSTRALIA	0.5	-	ROTTNEST ISLAND	32° S/115.5° E	
	22-May-1960 00:00:00	AUSTRALIA	0.3	-	FREMANTLE	32.11° S/115.75° E	
	25-Oct-2010 19:45:00	AUSTRALIA	0.08	-	HILLARYS HARBOUR	31.82° S/115.73° E	

Event	Date (UTC)	Country	Runup (m)	Deaths	Location	Lat/Long
	17-Jul-2006 12:32:00	AUSTRALIA	-	-	HILLARYS HARBOUR	31.82° S / 115.73° E

Source: Tsunamis

Wildfires:

Event	Start/End Date(UTC)	Size (sq. km.)	Location	Mean Lat/Long
۵	11-Sep-2002 00:00:00 - 14-Jan-2003 00:00:00	35.80	Australia	32.44° S/116.41° E
	10-Jan-2003 00:00:00 - 14-Jan-2003 00:00:00	35.30	Australia	32.45° S/116.42° E
	15-Jan-2005 00:00:00 - 22-Jan-2005 00:00:00	24.20	Australia	32.08° S/116.26° E
\$	09-Jan-2008 05:05:00 - 17-Jan-2008 05:55:00	21.10	Australia	31.92° S/119.74° E
•	09-Jan-2008 00:00:00 - 17-Jan-2008 00:00:00	21.10	Australia	31.92° S/119.74° E

Tropical Cyclones:

5 Large	5 Largest Tropical Cyclones							
Event	Name	Start/End Date(UTC)	Max Wind Speed (mph)	Min Pressure (mb)	Location	Lat/Long		
٩	1971-01- 29	29-Jan-1971 06:00:00 - 05-Feb-1971 18:00:00	81	No Data	Indian Ocean	23.67° S/119° E		
٢	1982-01- 18	19-Jan-1982 00:00:00 - 21-Jan-1982 12:00:00	58	No Data	Indian Ocean	22.03° S/111.85° E		
٢	1990-01- 24	24-Jan-1990 12:00:00 - 29-Jan-1990 06:00:00	52	No Data	Indian Ocean	25.85° S / 116.5° E		
٢	OLWYN	11-Mar-2015 00:00:00 - 13-Mar-2015 00:00:00	46	-	-	33.56° S/117.97° E		
٩	1969-03- 29	29-Mar-1969 06:00:00 - 06-Apr-1969 12:00:00	46	No Data	Indian Ocean	21.73° S / 105.8° E		

Source: Tropical Cyclones

Disclosures

* As defined by the source (<u>Dartmouth Flood Observatory</u>, University of Colorado), Flood Magnitude = LOG(Duration x Severity x Affected Area). Severity classes are based on estimated recurrence intervals and other criteria.

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