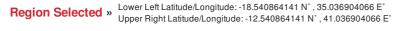
Pacific Disaster Center	HONOLULU	WASH.D.C.	ZULU	BLANTYRE	NAIROBI	BANGKOK
Area Brief: General	18:01:18	00:01:18	04:01:18	06:01:18	07:01:18	11:01:18
Executive Summary	16 Sep 2018	17 Sep 2018	17 Sep 2018	17 Sep 2018	17 Sep 2018	17 Sep 2018





Situational Awareness

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Current Hazards:

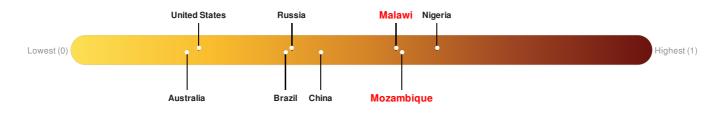
Active Wild Fire							
Event	Severity	Date (UTC)	Name	Lat/Long			
	1	17-Sep-2018 03:57:39	Wildfire - SE of Mulanje - Malawi	16.42° S/36.37° E			
	0	17-Sep-2018 03:57:39	Wildfire - SE of Ligonha, Nampula - Mozambique	15.54° S/38.04° E			
Source: <u>PDC</u>							

Lack of Resilience Index:

The Lack of Resilience Index assesses the susceptibility to impact and the short-term inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from disruptions to a country's normal function.

Malawi ranks 33 out of 165 countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. Malawi is less resilient than 80% of countries assessed. This indicates that Malawi has medium susceptibility to negative impacts, and is more able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.

Mozambique ranks 29 out of 165 countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. Mozambique is less resilient than 83% of countries assessed. This indicates that Mozambique has medium susceptibility to negative impacts, and is more able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.

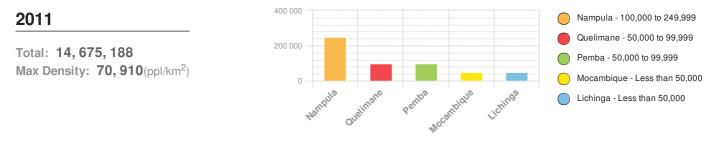


Source: PDC

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Population Data:

Populated Areas:



Source: <u>iSciences</u>

Risk & Vulnerability

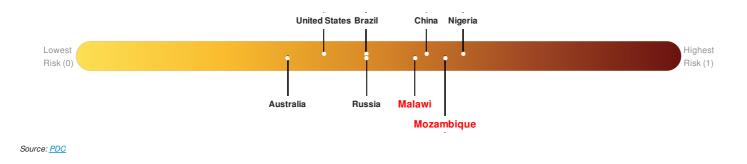
Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Multi Hazard Risk Index:

The Multi Hazard Risk index assesses the likelihood of losses or disruptions to a country's normal function due to the interaction between exposure to multiple hazards (tropical cyclone winds, earthquake, flood and tsunami), socioeconomic vulnerability, and coping capacity

Multi-Hazard Exposure Malawi ranks 40 out of 165 countries assessed for Multi Hazard Risk. Malawi has a Multi Hazard Risk higher than 76% of countries assessed. This indicates that Malawi has more likelihood of loss and/or disruption to normal function if exposed to a hazard.

Multi-Hazard Exposure Mozambique ranks 18 out of 165 countries assessed for Multi Hazard Risk. Mozambique has a Multi Hazard Risk higher than 90% of countries assessed. This indicates that Mozambique has more likelihood of loss and/or disruption to normal function if exposed to a hazard.

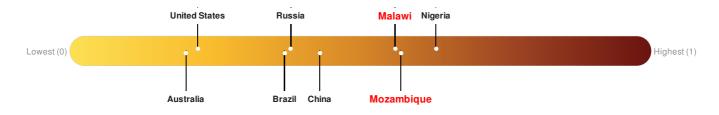


Lack of Resilience Index:

The Lack of Resilience Index assesses the susceptibility to impact and the short-term inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from disruptions to a country's normal function.

Malawi ranks 33 out of 165 countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. Malawi is less resilient than 80% of countries assessed. This indicates that Malawi has medium susceptibility to negative impacts, and is more able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.

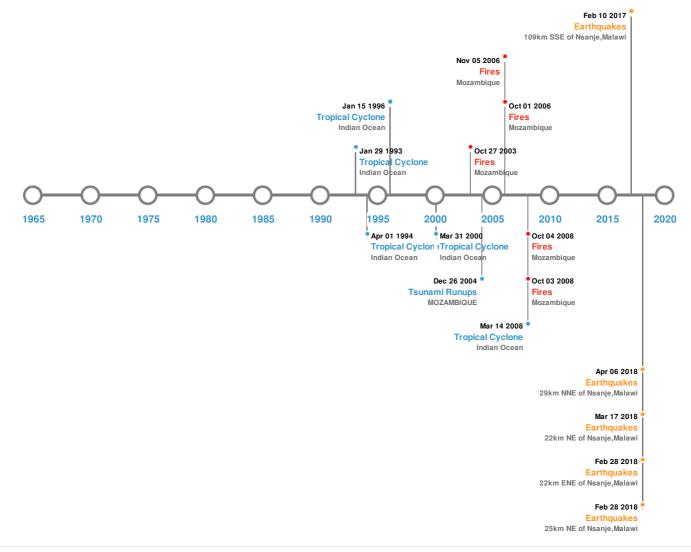
Mozambique ranks 29 out of 165 countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. Mozambique is less resilient than 83% of countries assessed. This indicates that Mozambique has medium susceptibility to negative impacts, and is more able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.



Source: PDC

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Historical Hazards:



Earthquakes:

5 Large	5 Largest Earthquakes (Resulting in significant damage or deaths)							
Event	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (Km)	Location	Lat/Long			
	08-Mar-2018 08:49:44	5.60	6.41	25km NE of Nsanje, Malawi	16.76° S/35.43° E			
	08-Mar-2018 09:52:04	5.20	10	22km ENE of Nsanje, Malawi	16.84° S/35.45° E			
	10-Feb-2017 16:43:38	5.20	10	109km SSE of Nsanje, Malawi	17.87° S/35.54° E			
	17-Mar-2018 15:12:22	4.90	10	22km NE of Nsanje, Malawi	16.76° S/35.39° E			
	06-Apr-2018 12:43:23	4.00	10	29km NNE of Nsanje, Malawi	16.7° S/35.41° E			

Tsunami Runups:

5 Largest Tsunami Runups								
Event	Date (UTC)	Country	Runup (m)	Deaths	Location	Lat/Long		
	26-Dec-2004 00:00:00	MOZAMBIQUE	-	-	MOZAMBIQUE	15.05° S/40.75° E		
Source: Tsupan	nic							

Source: Tsunamis

Wildfires:

Event	Wildfires Start/End Date(UTC)	Size (sq. km.)	Location	Mean Lat/Long
	08-Aug-2008 11:20:00 - 04-Oct-2008 11:15:00	38.70	Mozambique	16.52° S/35.51° E
	29-Sep-2003 00:00:00 - 27-Oct-2003 00:00:00	34.90	Mozambique	16.4° S/35.45° E
	15-Sep-2006 00:00:00 - 01-Oct-2006 00:00:00	24.30	Mozambique	16.47° S/35.56° E
	02-Nov-2006 00:00:00 - 05-Nov-2006 00:00:00	17.40	Mozambique	15.7° S/38.8° E
	11-Sep-2008 11:10:00 - 03-Oct-2008 19:55:00	17.20	Mozambique	16.49° S/35.65° E

Source: Wildfires

Tropical Cyclones:

5 Largest Tropical Cyclones							
Event	Name	Start/End Date(UTC)	Max Wind Speed (mph)	Min Pressure (mb)	Location	Lat/Long	
٢	1995-12- 31	01-Jan-1996 00:00:00 - 15-Jan-1996 00:00:00	155	No Data	Indian Ocean	13.84° S/54.9° E	
٢	2000-03- 22	23-Mar-2000 00:00:00 - 09-Apr-2000 06:00:00	144	No Data	Indian Ocean	17.06° S/70.1° E	
٢	1994-03- 17	18-Mar-1994 00:00:00 - 01-Apr-1994 18:00:00	138	No Data	Indian Ocean	16.42° S/54.65° E	
٢	1993-01- 16	16-Jan-1993 06:00:00 - 29-Jan-1993 18:00:00	127	No Data	Indian Ocean	21.04° S/65.6° E	
٢	JOKWE	05-Mar-2008 12:00:00 - 14-Mar-2008 18:00:00	115	No Data	Indian Ocean	19.05° S/46.4° E	

Source: Tropical Cyclones

Disclosures

* As defined by the source (<u>Dartmouth Flood Observatory</u>, University of Colorado), Flood Magnitude = LOG(Duration x Severity x Affected Area). Severity classes are based on estimated recurrence intervals and other criteria.

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