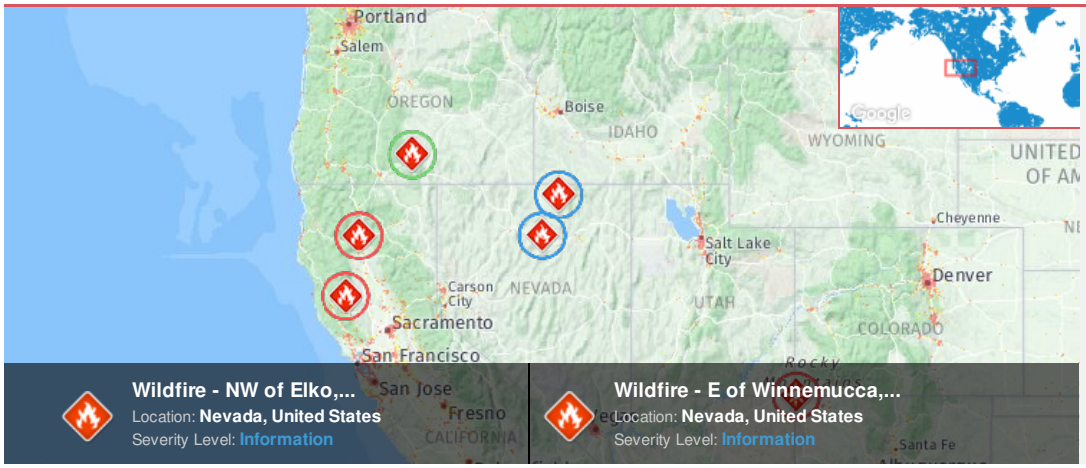
Pacific Disaster Center *Area Brief: General Executive Summary*	HONOLULU	BOISE	WASH.D.C.	ZULU	NAIROBI	BANGKOK
	18:06:32 19 Aug 2018	22:06:32 19 Aug 2018	00:06:32 20 Aug 2018	04:06:32 20 Aug 2018	07:06:32 20 Aug 2018	11:06:32 20 Aug 2018

Region Selected » Lower Left Latitude/Longitude: 37.818510006 N˚ , -119.800475223 E˚
Upper Right Latitude/Longitude: 43.818510006 N˚ , -113.800475223 E˚



Legend

Population Density (person/sqkm)

0 — 170,000

Situational Awareness

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Current Hazards:

Active Wild Fire

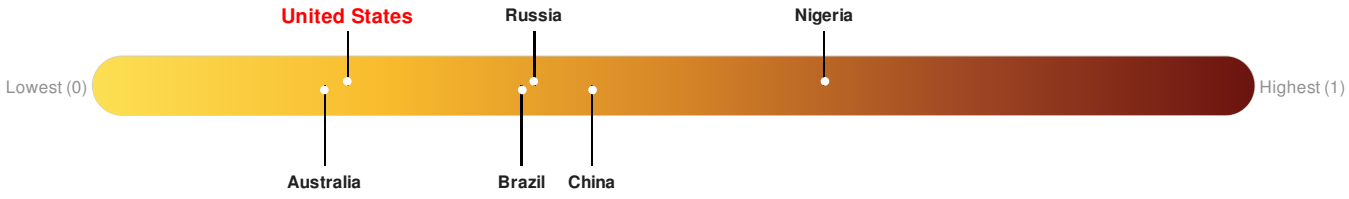
Event	Severity	Date (UTC)	Name	Lat/Long
		20-Aug-2018 04:03:15	Wildfire - E of Winnemucca, Nevada - United States	40.82° N / 116.8° W
		19-Aug-2018 04:03:39	Wildfire - NW of Elko, Nevada - United States	41.75° N / 116.29° W

Source: PDC

Lack of Resilience Index:

The Lack of Resilience Index assesses the susceptibility to impact and the short-term inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from disruptions to a country's normal function.

United States ranks **149** out of **165** countries assessed for Lack of Resilience. United States is less resilient than 10% of countries assessed. This indicates that United States has low susceptibility to negative impacts, and is less able to respond to and recover from a disruption to normal function.



Source: PDC

Regional Overview

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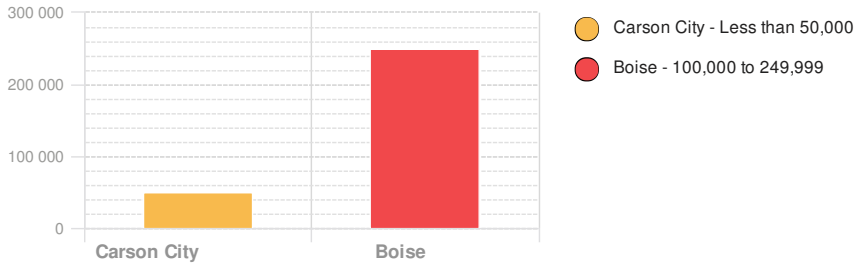
apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

Population Data:

2011

Total: 1, 252, 976
Max Density: 13, 191 (ppl/km^2)

Populated Areas:



Source: iSciences

Risk & Vulnerability

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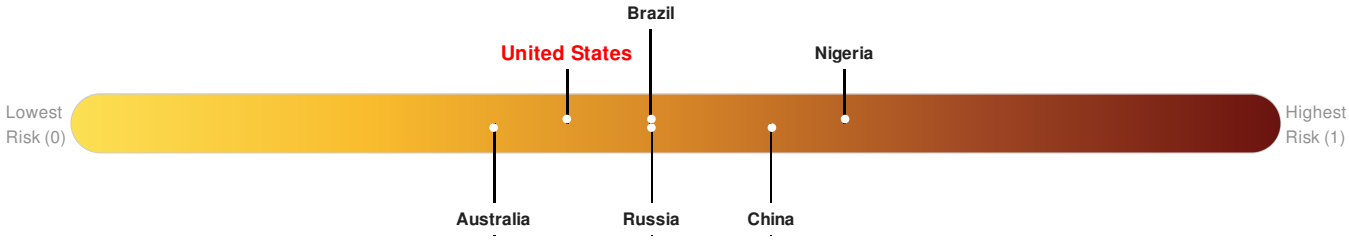
Multi Hazard Risk Index:

The Multi Hazard Risk index assesses the likelihood of losses or disruptions to a country's normal function due to the interaction between exposure to multiple hazards (tropical cyclone winds, earthquake, flood and tsunami), socioeconomic vulnerability, and coping capacity

Multi-Hazard Exposure **United States** ranks **121** out of **165** countries assessed for Multi Hazard Risk. United States has a Multi Hazard Risk higher than 27% of countries assessed. This indicates that United States has less likelihood of loss and/or disruption to normal function if exposed to a hazard.



Source: PDC

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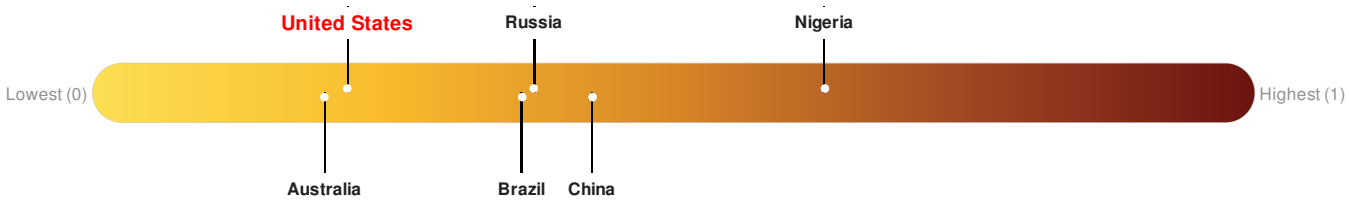

Source: PDC

Historical Hazards

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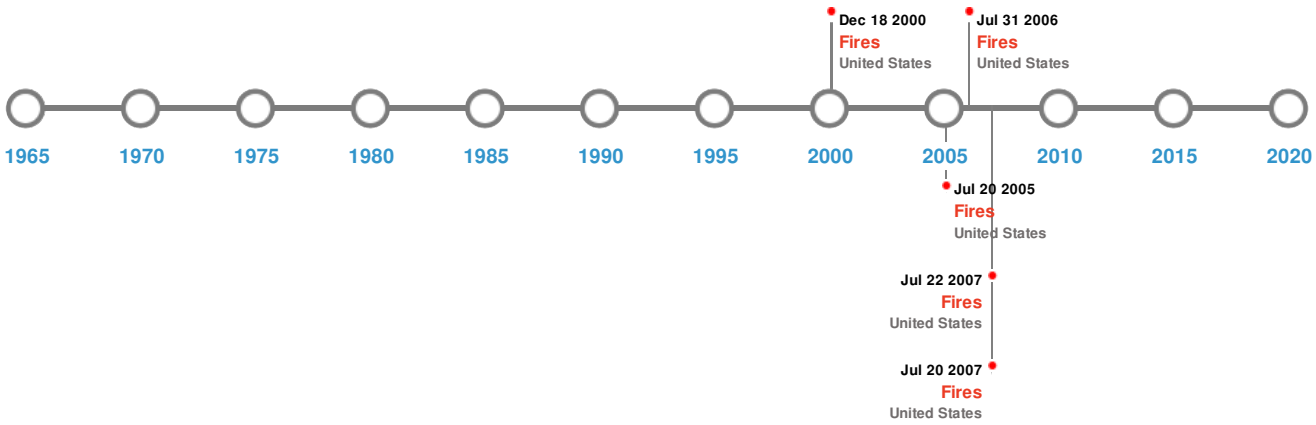
Historical Hazards:



Earthquakes:

5 Largest Earthquakes (Resulting in significant damage or deaths)

Event	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (Km)	Location	Lat/Long
	03-Oct-1915 00:06:00	7.60	-	NEVADA: PLEASANT VALLEY	40.5° N / 117.5° W
	20-Dec-1932 00:00:00	7.20	-	NEVADA: CEDAR MOUNTAIN	38.7° N / 117.8° W
	16-Dec-1954 00:11:00	7.00	-	NEVADA: DIXIE VALLEY	39.3° N / 118.2° W
	23-Aug-1954 00:00:00	6.80	-	NEVADA: STILLWATER RANGE	39.6° N / 118.5° W
	06-Jul-1954 00:11:00	6.80	-	NEVADA: FALLON	39.4° N / 118.5° W

Source: Earthquakes

Volcanic Eruptions:

5 Largest Volcanic Eruptions (Last updated in 2000)

Event	Name	Date (UTC)	Volcanic Explosivity Index	Location	Lat/Long
	MONO CRATERS	01-Jan-0810 00:00:00	4.00	USA-CALIFORNIA	37.88° N / 119° W
	MONO CRATERS	23-Aug-1890 00:00:00	0.00	USA-CALIFORNIA	37.88° N / 119° W

Event	Name	Date (UTC)	Volcanic Explosivity Index	Location	Lat/Long

Source: Volcanoes

Wildfires:

5 Largest Wildfires

Event	Start/End Date(UTC)	Size (sq. km.)	Location	Mean Lat/Long
	25-Jul-2006 00:00:00 - 31-Jul-2006 00:00:00	72.70	United States	41.4° N / 116.68° W
	08-Jul-2007 00:00:00 - 20-Jul-2007 00:00:00	46.10	United States	43.74° N / 119.37° W
	16-Jul-2005 00:00:00 - 20-Jul-2005 00:00:00	42.30	United States	41.21° N / 116.56° W
	13-Aug-2001 00:00:00 - 18-Aug-2001 00:00:00	40.60	United States	40.47° N / 117.8° W
	18-Jul-2007 00:00:00 - 22-Jul-2007 00:00:00	37.20	United States	42.17° N / 115.4° W

Source: Wildfires

Disclosures

* As defined by the source (Dartmouth Flood Observatory, University of Colorado), Flood Magnitude = LOG(Duration x Severity x Affected Area). Severity classes are based on estimated recurrence intervals and other criteria.

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