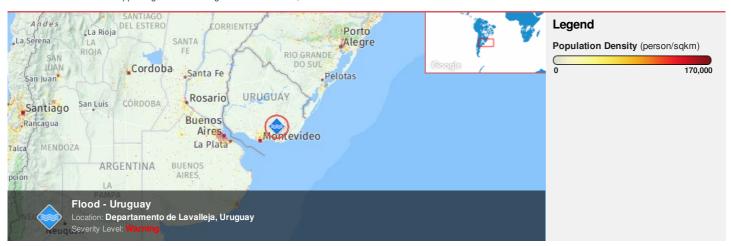


HONOLULU 13:10:29 26 May 2017 WASH.D.C. 19:10:29 26 May 2017 MONTEVIDEO 20:10:29 26 May 2017 ZULU 23:10:29 26 May 2017 2

NAIROBI 02:10:29 27 May 2017 BANGKOK 06:10:29 27 May 2017

Region Selected » Lower Left Latitude/Longitude: -37.17058 N°, -58.16686 E° Upper Right Latitude/Longitude: -31.17058 N°, -52.16686 E'



#### **Situational Awareness**

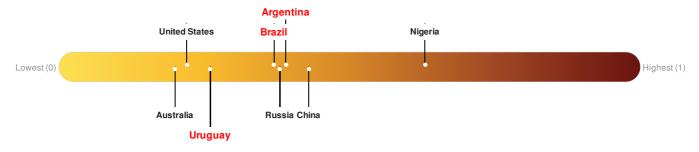
Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please <u>register here</u>. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

### **Current Hazards:**

Active Floods								
Event	Severity	Date (UTC)	Name	Lat/Long				
	0	26-May-2017 23:06:35	Flood - Uruguay	34.17° S / 55.17° W				
Source: PDC	•							

### Lack of Resilience Index:

Lack of Resilience represents the combination of susceptibility to impact and the relative inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from negative impacts that do occur over the short term. **Argentina** ranks **92** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.39. **Brazil** ranks **105** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.37. **Uruguay** ranks **135** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.26.



Argentina ranks 92 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Environmental Capacity, Governance and Marginalization.

Brazil ranks 105 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Marginalization, Governance and Infrastructure.

Uruguay ranks 135 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Environmental Capacity, Economic Constraints and Infrastructure.

### **Regional Overview**

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## **Population Data:**

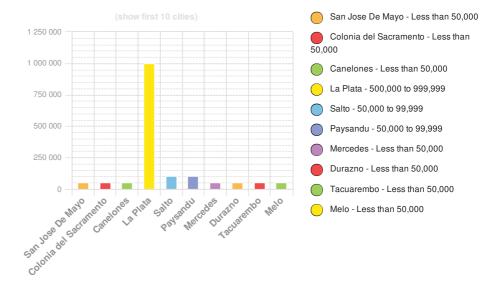
### 2011

Total: 5, 231, 459

Max Density: 22, 019(ppl/km<sup>2</sup>)

Source: iSciences

# **Populated Areas:**



### **Risk & Vulnerability**

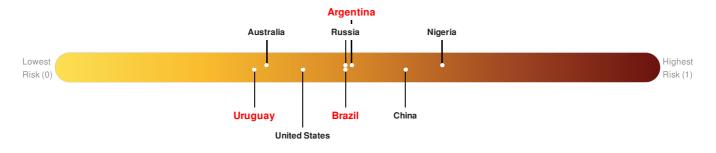
Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please register here. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

## **Multi Hazard Risk Index:**

Argentina ranks 81 out of 165 on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.49. Argentina is estimated to have relatively high overall exposure, low vulnerability, and medium coping capacity.

Brazil ranks 89 out of 165 on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.48. Brazil is estimated to have relatively high overall exposure, low vulnerability, and medium coping capacity.

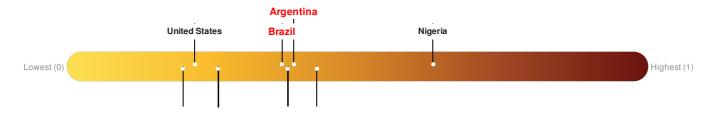
Uruguay ranks 147 out of 165 on the Multi-Hazard Risk Index with a score of 0.33. Uruguay is estimated to have relatively medium overall exposure, very low vulnerability, and high coping capacity.



Source: PDC

### Lack of Resilience Index:

Lack of Resilience represents the combination of susceptibility to impact and the relative inability to absorb, respond to, and recover from negative impacts that do occur over the short term. **Argentina** ranks **92** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.39. **Brazil** ranks **105** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.37. **Uruguay** ranks **135** out of **165** on the Lack of Resilience index with a score of 0.26.



Australia Russia China

Uruguay

Argentina ranks 92 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Environmental Capacity, Governance and Marginalization.

Brazil ranks 105 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Marginalization, Governance and Infrastructure.

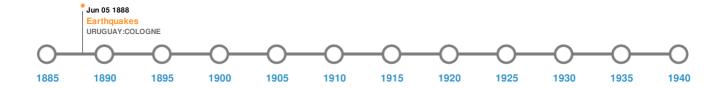
Uruguay ranks 135 out of 165 on the Lack of Resilience Index. Based on the sub-component scores related to Vulnerability and Coping Capacity, the three thematic areas with the weakest relative scores are Environmental Capacity, Economic Constraints and Infrastructure.

Source: PDC

### **Historical Hazards**

Additional information and analysis is available for Disaster Management Professionals. If you are a Disaster Management Professional and would like to apply for access, please <u>register here</u>. Validation of registration information may take 24-48 hours.

### **Historical Hazards:**



# Earthquakes:

5 Largest Earthquakes (Resulting in significant damage or deaths)									
Event	Date (UTC)	Magnitude	Depth (Km)	Location	Lat/Long				
<b>*</b>	05-Jun-1888 00:00:00	0.00	-	URUGUAY: COLOGNE	34.5° S/57.9° W				

Source: Earthquakes

# **Tsunami Runups:**

5 Largest Tsunami Runups										
Event	Date (UTC)	Country	Runup (m)	Deaths	Location	Lat/Long				
<b>\$</b>	14-Jan-1884 00:00:00	URUGUAY	-		MONTEVIDEO	34.92° S / 56.17° W				

Source: <u>Tsunamis</u>

## **Disclosures**

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<sup>\*</sup> As defined by the source (<u>Dartmouth Flood Observatory</u>, University of Colorado), Flood Magnitude = LOG(Duration x Severity x Affected Area). Severity classes are based on estimated recurrence intervals and other criteria.